Impact Report



Introduction

About the Investment Corporation and the Asset Management Company

Healthcare & Medical Investment Corporation (hereinafter, "HCM") is a J-REIT specializing in healthcare facilities listed in March 2015. It is operated by Healthcare Asset Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter "HAM"), its asset management company invested in by Ship Healthcare Holdings, Inc., NEC Capital Solutions Co., Ltd. and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation as main sponsors.

HCM seeks to realize a society where all people can live vibrantly and with peace of mind by continuously investing in and stably owning over the long term healthcare facilities, including facilities and housing for the elderly and medical service-related facilities, etc., which must be enhanced and expanded to the super-aged society.

[Profile of the Investment Corporation]

Corporate name	Healthcare & Medical Investment Corporation
Representative	Yuji Fujise, Executive Director
Location	3-3 Kanda-Ogawamachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Listing date	March 19, 2015
Listed stock exchange	Tokyo Stock Exchange Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market (Securities Code: 3455)
End of fiscal period	January, July

[Profile of the Asset Management Company]

Corporate name	Healthcare Asset Management Co., Ltd.
Representative	Seiji Yoshioka, President & CEO
Location	3-3 Kanda-Ogawamachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
Establishment date	November 28, 2013
Capital	150 million yen
Shareholders	SHIP HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS INC. (33.3%) NEC Capital Solutions Limited (33.3%) Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (5.0%) Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing Company, Limited (4.8%) SMBC Nikko Securities Inc. (4.8%) Yoei Co., Ltd. (4.7%) Ginsen Co., Ltd. (4.7%) Kobe Tochi Tatemono Co., Ltd. (4.7%) Muromachi Building Co., Ltd. (4.7%)
Details of businesses	Investment management business

About Impact Report

In recent years, companies are required to independently solve social and environmental issues, and movements to evaluate the medium- to long-term growth potential of companies based on non-financial information in addition to the conventional evaluation indicators such as performance and financial information are spreading.

HCM also decided to issue impact report once a year, in principle, as the first J-REIT to raise funds through social finance in February 2019. This report shows the status of allocation of the funds and the actions by HCM and HAM, the Asset Management Company, to solve social issues.

Reporting period	From November 1, 2021 to October 31, 2022
Issue period	Once a year in principle (every December)

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1. Investment Philosophy and Impact (Qualitative Targets)

Investment Philosophy and Impact (Qualitative Targets)

Realization of a Society Where All People Can Live Vibrantly and with Peace of Mind

HCM aims to serve as a conduit between the nursing care and medical service industries in which social needs are expected to increase and the capital markets, based on the environmental awareness that upgrading and expansion of healthcare facilities is further required in order to respond to the growing demand for medical and nursing care services. In other words, HCM aims to realize a society where all people can live vibrantly and with peace of mind as well as secure stable revenue and achieve steady growth of assets under management by promoting appropriate maintenance and management and new supply of healthcare facilities through stable investment and ownership of healthcare facilities with the keywords of "nursing care," "medical service" and "health."



Serve as a conduit between the nursing care and medical service industries and the capital markets

Develop a portfolio specialized in healthcare facilities, for which demand is expected to grow

Promote the supply of healthcare facilities as social infrastructure

We seek to realize a society where all people can live vibrantly and with peace of mind

2. Policy on Actions for ESG

Policy on Actions for ESG

• Enactment of the "Basic Policy on ESG" incorporating the concept of SDGs

HAM enacted the "Basic Policy on ESG" in September 2018 in order to practice asset management in consideration of Environment, Social and Governance. Upon the enactment of the basic policy, HAM has incorporated the concept of SDGs based on the investment philosophy of HCM.

"Basic Policy on ESG / 1. Basic Philosophy"

In order to realize a "society where all people can live vibrantly and with peace of mind," which is the investment philosophy of HCM, HAM aims to contribute to the super-aged society and maximize unitholder value over the medium to long term through the promotion of provision of healthcare facilities as social infrastructure and construction of a portfolio specializing in healthcare facilities.

HAM will collaborate with various in-house/outside stakeholders including operators and hospital personnel, the sponsors and executives and employees of HAM in order to practice asset management in consideration of ESG including the reduction of environmental burden, efforts toward resolution of social issues in a super-aged society and establishment of governance system.

HAM Website / Basic Policy on ESG http://www.hcam.co.jp/pdf/esq.pdf

ESG Promotion System

HAM designates the chief officer and executive officers on sustainability as follows.

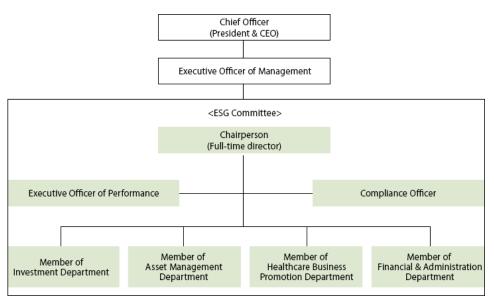
Chief Officer of Sustainability	President & CEO	The Chief Officer of Sustainability puts in place systems for promoting sustainability and supervises the proposal and implementation of various policies, targets and measures
Executive Officer of Sustainability Performance	Head of Asset Management Department	The Executive Officer of Sustainability Performance supervises the planning and implementation of various measures for the promotion of sustainability
Executive Officer of Sustainability Management	Head of Financial & Administration Department	The Executive Officer of Sustainability Management puts in place systems, regulations, etc. for promoting sustainability and supervises the planning and implementation of disclosure measures

Furthermore, HAM has established an ESG Committee which deliberates and drafts various policies, targets and measures regarding sustainability.

2. Policy on Actions for ESG

Policy on Actions for ESG

• Organization Chart as of December 2022 (ESG Decision Making System)



ESG Committee

Chairperson	Either a full-time director or the Executive Officer of Performance, designated by the Chief Officer
Members	 Full-time director Executive Officer of Performance Member of Asset Management Department Member of Investment Department Member of Financial & Administration Department Member of Healthcare Business Promotion Department Compliance Officer Other person appointed by the Chairperson
Frequency of meeting	At least once a month in principle

- •The Committee reports to the Chief Officer of Sustainability and Executive Officer of Sustainability Management with regard to various policies, targets, measures, etc. at least once every three months.
- •The committee reports to the Board of Directors at least once a year on various policies, targets and measures.

PDCA Cycle



	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022 (Note)
Number of ESG Committee held	3 times	12 times
Number of Management review	Once	0 times
Number of in house ESG training held /Participation rate	Twice/100%	Once/100%

(Note) Fiscal 2022 is described based on actual number from April 2022 to November 2022.

2. Policy on Actions for ESG

Policy on Actions for ESG

Materiality

	Issues that need to be solved	Highly relevant SDGs	
Environment	Reduction of water resource consumption Energy conservation and reduction of CO2 emissions Response to natural disasters caused by climate change (Resilience) Waste management and reduction	7 AMERICAN TO COMP OR COMP TO	
Social	Elimination of the shortage of supply of housing for the elderly against the elderly population Prevention of job separation due to nursing care through the promotion of supply of nursing care facilities Improvement of business efficiency and reduction of work burden for nursing care staff Prevention of abuse of residents and harassment of facility staff Response to the deterioration of buildings of hospitals, promotion of earthquake resistance Work-life balance, health of staff, etc.	3 CHANGE CONTROLL STORMS CONTR	
Governance	Transparency in decision making Fair transaction (Appropriate management of conflicts of interest) Management of various risks (including elimination of antisocial forces)	8 1000 (1004 tol) 10 10040 10 tol) 1	

(Source) Excerpt from the United Nations Information Centre's "SDGs Posters, Logos, Icons and Guidelines")

Environmental Performance Targets/Results

Basic Targets

		Results		
Item	Target	2020 (standard year)	2021	Rate of change
Total floor area	-	187,280.75ml	187,280.75㎡	0.0%
Energy	To make the total annual energy data capture rate (%) 100% across HCM's real estate portfolio	80.2%	82.5%	2.9%
GHG (Note2)	To make the total annual GHG emission data capture rate (%) 100% across HCM's real estate portfolio	80.2%	82.5%	2.9%
Water	To make the total annual water consumption data capture rate (%) 100% across HCM's real estate portfolio	74.3%	76.6%	3.1%

(Note1) The data capture rate is calculated based on floor area. (Note2) Abbreviation for Greenhouse Gas. Same below.

Long-term Targets :

	Results					
Item	Target	Unit	2020 (standard year)	2021	Rate of change	
Total floor area	-	п¹	187,280.75	187,280.75	0.0%	
	To achieve a 5% reduction in total annual energy consumption on an	Consumption (kWh)	31,628,460	32,921,805	4.1%	
Energy	intensity basis across HCM's real estate portfolio relative to the baseline year by the target year	Intensity (kWh/㎡)	210	213	1.4%	
	To achieve a 5% reduction in total GHG emissions generated by energy	Emissions (t-CO2e)	11,368	11,483	1.0%	
GHG	consumption on an intensity basis across fundamental state portfolio relative to the baseline year by the target year	Intensity (t-CO2e/㎡)	0.076	0.074	△2.6%	
	Not to increase annual water consumption on an integrity basis across	consumption		418,711	433,241	3.5%
Water	HCM's real estate portfolio relative to the baseline year by the target year	Intensity (㎡/㎡)	3.0	3.0	0.0%	

(Note) The standard year is 2020, the starting year of the effect measurement period is 2021, and the target year is 2025.

2. Policy on Actions for ESG

External Certifications

GRESB Real Estate Assessment

In the 2022 GRESB Real Estate Assessment, HCM received a "1 Star" in GRESB Rating, which is based on GRESB Overall Score and its quintile position relative to global participants.

HCM also received the highest "A Level" for the GRESB Public Disclosure, which assess the width of ESG disclosure.





BELS Evaluation

BELS (Building-housing Energy-efficiency Labeling System) is a third-party certification program to rate houses and buildings in accordance with the Building Energy Efficiency Act's requirement of effort to label energy efficiency. The rating is based on the BEI (Building Energy Index) value calculated from primary energy consumption based on national building energy consumption standards.

Evaluation and labeling are performed by registered housing evaluation agencies, designated inspection agencies or registered building survey agencies that are members of The Association for Evaluating and Labeling Housing Performance and have filed to perform BELS services, and the evaluation results are indicated on a five-star scale (one to five stars).

The following HCM properties have been rated.

Property name	Evaluation	Date of being rated
NOAH GARDEN L Grace	二の建物のエネルギー消費量 〇 小削減 3022年13月6日会付 組土の消費 6 小削減 3022年13月6日会付 国土の消費をおく 第二者回避	December 6, 2022
NOAH GARDEN Season Bell	この議物のエネルネー消費量 10 %削減2022年13月4日分付出土の場合的では多く東京者部基	December 6, 2022

3. Environment

Basic Policy for Environment

Basic Policy for Reducing Environmental Burdens

HCM & HAM

Reducing Environmental Burdens

HCM strives for energy conservation and reduction of CO2 emissions by improving energy efficiency at its properties and introducing facilities that contribute to energy saving. Also, HCM aims for resource conservation and waste reduction with regard to capital expenditure of its properties and in the formulation and implementation of their repair plans.

Environmental Initiatives at HCM's Properties

Energy Saving Renovation Work





- Implemented high-efficiency renovation work for airconditioning equipment at "GreenLife Moriguchi" (2018)
- Replace the control board and compressor of the outdoor unit of the common area air conditioner with ones with high energy-saving performance.
- Introduction of high-performance air conditioning management unit (collective management of air conditioning in the building, scheduled operation setting)
- ✓ Utilize national subsidy
 - → Investment amount 13.5 million yen (of which, the subsidy is 6.4 million yen)









Upgrades to energy-efficient equipment

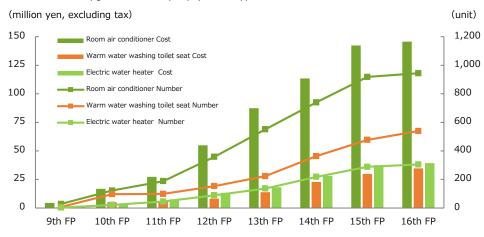






HCM has sequentially upgraded to energy- and water-efficient equipment in the rooms at its properties for resident comfort.

Cumulative Upgrade Status by Equipment Type



(Note) Figures are as of the end of each fiscal period, except the figures of 16th fiscal period being as of November 30, 2022.

3. Environment

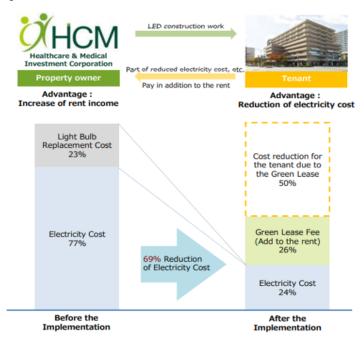
Environmental Initiatives at HCM's Properties

Green Lease





HCM introduced the green lease agreement with the tenant that rent a whole building of "Kobe Gakuentoshi Building (Hapine Kobe Gakuentoshi)" (2021). This is truly a win-win initiative which enables both HCM and the tenant to receive economic benefits while reducing environmental burden.



- Based on the tenant's lighting equipment usage conditions, which were obtained through interviews, we provisionally calculate that electricity consumption relating to lighting equipment will be reduced by about 69% as a result of performing work to convert the common-area lighting to LEDs.
- · Among the benefits that the tenant is expected to receive with LED lighting that has a rated life of 40,000 hours, including reduction of lighting equipment-related electricity fees and reduction of bulb replacement costs, a certain amount will be passed on to HCM in the form of a higher rent in the lease, based on a green lease fee.

Green lease: Win-win action in which property owner and tenant work together to reduce environmental burdens such as energy saving of real estate and improve the working environment, and both sides can benefit from cost reductions, etc.

Environmental Initiatives at Warehousing Stage

 Introduction of Green Lease Clauses for Warehousing Properties







Properties

For HAM and HCM, sponsors entered into green lease clauses in building lease agreements with operators at the warehousing stage.



[Sample of initiatives] Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien

(Acquired in March 30, 2022)

7 AFFORDABLE AND DIEM DIBROY





 Initiatives to Obtain Environmental Certifications for Warehousing Properties

In development projects, HCM is working to obtain CASBEE, BELS and other environmental certifications with the cooperation of developers, design companies and other parties.



[Sample of initiatives]
PD house Nishitokyo
(Pipeline property)

3. Environment

Improving resilience (adaptability to disasters, etc.)

Landslide Prevention Measures Prior to Acquisition







Landslide Prevention Measures (Hanakotoba Oppama)

Part of the land of Hanakotoba Oppama, which HCM acquired on November 10, 2022, is within a landslide special warning zone and safety measures such as spraying mortar and installing a retaining wall were thus implemented between the steep east and south slopes. However, for the sake of long-term investment in the healthcare facility and based on a study on the impact of collapse of the slope, we decided to take additional prevention measures to improve resilience and ensure long-term safety.

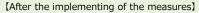
The free frame method was chosen for its stability and safety, Keikyu Construction Co., Ltd., which had experience in landslide prevention in the neighborhood was hired to conduct the survey, planning and construction, HAM received a report on the adequacy of the measures from an independent third-party survey company, confirming that there were no problems, and made the decision that HCM would acquire the property.

> Landslide Prevention

Measures

[Before the implementing of the measures]







- Stormwater countermeasure work at HCM's Properties
- Implementing stormwater countermeasure work (Sawayaka Mekarikan)

At Sawayaka Mekarikan, which incurred damage due to indoor flooding above floor level during torrential rains in western Japan in July 2018, work was carried out to install new concrete-block walls and U-shaped gutters (2021).

This initiative will proactively prevent the spread of damage when a disaster occurs, as well as help to ensure the safety and peace of mind of tenants, employees, and the operator.







Use of Environmentally Friendly Materials









- Environmentally friendly products were used when replacing the floors at GreenLife Moriguchi.
- Environmentally friendly flooring materials: Loose Lay Tile LL Free 50NW-EX by TOLI Corporation Half the amount of products weight consists of recycled materials, which reduced CO₂ emissions (recycled from discarded agricultural vinyl and scrap materials generated during manufacturing).
- Using durable UV resin coating to reduce staining eliminated the need for wax maintenance during use.

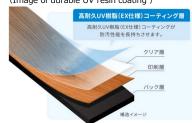
Area of flooring materials used	
2,328 m²	

Gross weight of flooring materials	Ratio of recycled materials	Usage of recycled materials
20.5 Ton	50 %	10.2 Ton

CO ₂ emissions	Reduction ratio of CO ₂ emissions	Reduction amount of CO ₂ emissions
17.7 Ton	53 %	9.4 Ton

*Reduction ratio of CO₂ emissions means the comparison to the same merchandise without recycled materials. (Image of durable UV resin coating)





- Facility Environment Improvement (Based on User Feedback)
- Using easy-to-clean flooring improved sanitation and reduced cleaning work.
- Using flooring that is better for wheelchairs increased activity in the facility.
- The small step from the hallway to the day room has been eliminated.





Stakeholder Engagement

Basic Policy

Initiatives for Solving the Challenges of an Aged Society

HAM believes that HCM's continuous investment in healthcare facilities and its stable management of assets will help towards solving the social challenges of an aged society. Therefore, we have cooperated with various internal and external stakeholders including unitholders, operators and hospital personnel, the sponsors, executives and employees.

Responsibilities of HCM and HAM to Key Stakeholders



Collaboration with the sponsors which have sophisticated expertise in nursing care/medical service, fund management and finance, solving the challenges of an aging society and increasing unitholder value





Healthcare & Medical Investment Corporation







Local Community

Contribute to the improvement

in the sufficiency rate of health-

care facilities in local communi-

ties and the realization of a

regional healthcare vision

Operators and **Hospital Personnel**

Establish intimate relationships of trust with operators of healthcare facilities and hospital personnel through dialogue, striving to grasp operating conditions and conducting asset management which is considerate towards the safety and security of users as well as the environment

Tenant Engagement

Building Trust with Operators and Understanding Operations

Healthcare facilities are assets that require special know-how and expertise to operate, so in order to properly evaluate an asset on its business characteristics, it is necessary to evaluate the operator's business capabilities and management stability.

Building a relationship of trust with the operator is essential for properly conducting due diligence prior to acquisition and monitoring after acquisition.

HAM actively works to build trust by visiting the healthcare facility and meeting with the facility manager and others in charge to gain an appropriate understanding of the facility's operations.

HCM has built a stable portfolio through business due diligence and monitoring.

Operators

Operations capability

Management stability

Business due diligence / Monitoring

- Quantitative and qualitative assessment and analysis
- Regular visits to facilities and on-site inspections (interviews with facility directors, etc.)

Business profile/activities

Financial status

Organizational management

Business model

Compliance (Abuse prevention measures)

Staff retainment · Development



System Investment Utilizing ICT

 Introduction of "EGAO link", the system for enhancing efficiency of nursing care services





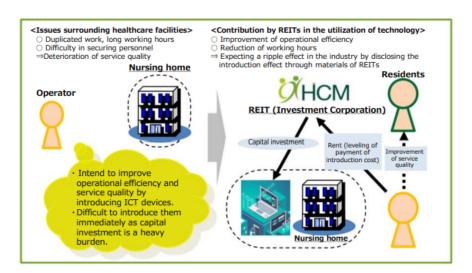


HCM paid 44.6 million yen, the initial cost of capital expenditure for 2 properties owned by HCM, in a lump sum, while the operator paid for the amount of increase in rent, thereby leveling the payment of introduction cost and realizing early introduction. (2019)

Targeted facilities and amount of capital expenditure
 ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan (completed introduction in July 2019, 20.9 million yen)

ASHEIM Hikarigaoka (completed introduction in August 2019, 25.6 million yen)

Total Amount of capital expenditure 46.5 million yen



System of EGAO link

A system enabling understanding of situation, record input and response to calls with smartphones possessed by the staff by linking sleep sensor, nurse call and electronic medical chart with nurse call gateway.



(Source) AS PARTNERS Co., Ltd.

Effect of Introduction of EGAO link

The quality of nursing care services is expected to improve through the improvement of business efficiency of nursing care staff and the reduction of work burden through ICT investments.

Reducing night-time regular inspection by using watching sensors

Significantly reducing the time for preparing nursing care records through smartphone input

Reducing the number of nurse calls through monitoring using smartphones

Effects of Introducing EGAO link at each property (July 2019 - September 2022)

 Effects of Introducing EGAO link at ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan





24.5 people

4,312 hours



+1.5 people

+264 hours

t	Bunkyonakusan			_	ω	
		Jul 31, 2019	Sep 30, 2020	Sep 30, 2021	Sep 30, 2022	YoY
1. R	eduction of care staff					
	①Number of residents	48 people	43 people	43 people	49 people	+6 people
	②Ratio of staff to residents	1.78 : 1	1.84:1	1.86:1	2.00:1	-0.14
	③Full-time employees	14.5 people	12.5 people	13.5 people	16.0 people	+2.5 people
	4 Contract employees	2.0 people	2.0 people	1.0 person	0.0 people	-1.0 person
	⑤Part-time employees	5.6 people	6.9 people	6.5 people	5.7 people	-0.8 people
	©Temporary workers	2.0 person	0.0 people	0.0 people	0.0 people	±0.0 people
	Nursing staff	2.8 people	2.0 people	2.0 people	2.8 people	+0.8 people

2. Reducing burden of night-shift work for care satff

26.9 people

4,734 hours

①Number of night shifts	2.5 people	2.0 people	2.0 people	2.0 people	±0.0 people
②Total working hours/ month	40 hours	32 hours	32 hours	32 hours	±0 hours
3 Regular inspection	4 times	0 times	0 times	0 times	±0 times

23.4 people

4,118 hours

23.0 people

4,048 hours

3. Improving quality of nursing care services

①Individual activities	20 hours	54 hours	117 hours	61 hours	-56 hours
@Polypharmacy	7.2 medications	6.4 medications	6.1 medications	5.5 medications	-0.6 medications
3 Hospitalization rate	5.2%	3.6%	7.8%	2.2%	-5.6%

1. Reduction of care staff

®Staff per month

9Total working hours

Compared with the previous fiscal year, Staff per month increased by 1.5 people, or 264 hours/month (-2.4 people, or -422 hours/month, from initial introduction).

Since the facility is designed to operate with a 2:1 staffing ratio, 24.5 people is the minimum number of staff for the number of residents as of September 30, 2022.

As the COVID-19 pandemic has made it difficult to recruit and retain part-timers, our reform of the staffing structure will include increasing the ratio of full-time employees through our strength in hiring new graduates, aiming for a stable operation with a total of 24 to 25 people.

2. Reducing burden of night-shift work for care staff

The operator changed from a system with two night-shift positions and one semi-night-shift position to a system with two night-shift positions by **eliminating the semi-night-shift position**, and as of September 30, 2022, **the operator continues to implement this system**. As of September 30, 2022, even after eliminating the semi-night shift, night-shift staff were able to **take 2 hours of break time every day**.

Regular inspections were terminated on October 1, 2019, but as of September 30, 2022, the operator had not received any complaints from clients or suggestions from the authorities.

3. Improving quality of nursing care services

The operator have worked to improve operations with the goal of securing 2 hours per day, or 60 hours per month, for the provision of individual activities (activities aimed at revitalizing each resident mentally and physically). When EGAO link was introduced, the number of hours was 20 per month, but as of September 30, 2022, it had **increased by 41 hours**. Although this is a significant decrease compared with the previous year, 60 hours is the basic amount for stable provision.

The operator has taken steps to improve polypharmacy (harmful effects due to combining multiple medications) by using sleep sensors and a medical records software database. With a target of 6.0 or less for the average number of medications used, the operator is promoting optimal use of medications in accordance with residents' health condition in collaboration with partner medical institutions and pharmacies, based on sleep data and medical records data. As a result, as of September 30, 2022, the operator has **achieved our target with 0.5 medications below the target**.

As an index measuring the results of the initiatives implemented to date, the operator has tracked "maintaining and increasing length of stay through improvement of the hospitalization rate." From June to August 2022, the rate sometimes rose to 3.0% to 4.5% due to COVID-19 cases (1.6% in October 2022).

■ Future Initiatives

A database for the practice of science-based care is being completed. This is a phase in which the operator is identifying trends for the entire facility and issues for individual residents based on items such as cognitive function, nutritional status, food and water intake, activity level, sleep status, drug use and elimination status, and refine care services to effectively promote maintenance and improvement. The operator will also enhance education on using the data.



Effects of Introducing EGAO link at each property (July 2019 - September 2022)

 Effects of Introducing EGAO link at ASHEIM Hikarigaoka







9 Sep 30, 2020 Sep 30, 2021 Sep 30, 2022 YoY	Sep 30, 2021	Sep 30, 2020	Jul 31, 2019	
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1. Reduction of care staff

①Number of residents	83 people	84 people	79 people	72 people	-7 people
②Ratio of staff to residents	2.04:1	2.17:1	2.04:1	1.76:1	+0.28
3Full-time employees	23.5 people	20.5 people	23.5 people	24.5 people	+1.0 person
4 Contract employees	0.0 people	1.0 person	0.0 people	0.0 people	±0.0 people
§Part-time employees	11.6 people	13.7 people	12.2 people	12.4 people	+0.2 people
©Temporary workers	1.0 person	0.0 people	0.0 people	0.0 people	±0.0 people
Nursing staff	4.4 people	3.4 people	3.0 people	3.4 people	+0.4 people
®Staff per month	40.5 people	38.6 people	38.7 people	40.3 people	+1.6 people
9Total working hours	7,128 hours	6,794 hours	6,811 hours	7,093 hours	+282 hours

2. Reducing burden of night-shift work for care satff

①Number of night shifts	3.5 people	3.0 people	3.0 people	3.0 people	±0.0 people
②Total working hours/ month	56 hours	48 hours	48 hours	48 hours	±0 hours
3Regular inspection	4 times	0 times	0 times	0 times	±0 times

3. Improving quality of nursing care services

①Individual activities	56 hours	63 hours	71 hours	121 hours	+50 hours
@Polypharmacy	7.7 medications	6.9 medications	5.7 medications	5.6 medications	-0.1 medications
③Hospitalization rate	7.1%	2.2%	2.2%	4.3%	+2.1%

1. Reduction of care staff

There was an increase of 1.6 people or 282 hours/month compared with the previous fiscal year due to the use of 0.7 temporary nursing staff in instructional time for on-the-job training of new nursing staff and a 1-person surplus due to the placement of new graduates on the care staff. (OJT for nursing staff is scheduled to end on December 31, 2022, and 1 care staff member was transferred on October 1.)

As the COVID-19 has made it difficult to recruit and retain part-timers, our reform of the staffing structure will include increasing the ratio of full-time employees through our strength in hiring new graduates, aiming for a stable operation with a total of 37 to 38 people.

2. Reducing burden of night-shift work for care staff

The operator changed from a system with three night-shift positions and one semi-night-shift position to a system with two night-shift positions by **eliminating the semi-night shift position**, and as of September 30, 2022, **the operator continues to implement this system**. As of September 30, 2022, even after eliminating the semi-night shift, night-shift staff were able to **take 2 hours of break time every day**.

Regular inspections were terminated on October 1, 2019, but as of September 30, 2022, the operator had not received any complaints from clients or suggestions from the authorities.

3. Improving quality of nursing care services

The operator has worked to improve operations with the goal of securing 2 hours per day, or 60 hours per month, for the provision of individual activities (activities aimed at revitalizing each resident mentally and physically). When EGAO link was introduced, the number of hours was 56 per month, but as of September 30, 2022, it had **increased significantly to 121 hours**. Note that in fiscal 2022, the average number of hours remained at approximately 70 hours due to the provision of individual activities such as long-distance outings in September 2022.

The operator has taken steps to improve polypharmacy (harmful effects due to combining multiple medications) by using sleep sensors and a medical records software database. With a target of 6.0 or less for the average number of medications used, the operator is promoting optimal use of medications in accordance with residents' health condition in collaboration with partner medical institutions and pharmacies, based on sleep data and medical records data. As a result, as of September 30, 2022, the operator has **achieved our target with 0.4 medications below the target**.

As an index measuring the results of the initiatives implemented to date, the operator has tracked "maintaining and increasing length of stay through improvement of the hospitalization rate." April to July 2022 ranged from 1% to 2%, but the rate increased to 3.9% in August and 4.3% in September due to COVID-19 cases before returning to normalcy at 1% in October.

■ Future Initiatives

A database for the practice of science-based care is being completed. This is a phase in which the operator is identifying trends for the entire facility and issues for individual residents based on items such as cognitive function, nutritional status, food and water intake, activity level, sleep status, drug use and elimination status, and refine care services to effectively promote maintenance and improvement. The operator will also enhance education on using the data.

as partners &

Initiatives in Collaboration with the Operators

Efforts to Prevent Medication Errors at Facilities







Noah Konzer Co., Ltd. has developed a medication administration system called "Fukuyakkun" based on operation of its own facilities, to prevent medication errors by users and improve the work efficiency of facility staff.

1. Development Background

Medication errors (i.e., mistakenly given or forgotten medications) should never happen, but they do, mostly caused by human error, and checking to prevent medication errors has been a major burden for staff at facilities.

2. Mechanism of Medication Error Prevention

When facility staff hand out medication to a resident, they use a mobile terminal to read three QR codes: 1) for the resident, 2) for the staff and 3) for the medication bag in order to prevent errors by checking whether the medication is not for the wrong person, being administered at the wrong time, or a double dose.

In addition, three functions - 1) checking medication status on the computer, 2) checking the list of missed medications on the mobile terminal, and 3) an email notification of missed medication - can prevent forgotten medications.











3. Effects of Introducing Fukuyakkun

The development of Fukuyakkun has made it possible for one staff member and one mobile terminal to reliably check medications, improving operational efficiency at facilities where multiple staff members used to check medications multiple times.

It also enables centralized management of medication tasks, from medication receipt and inspection to distribution, support and completion checks, reducing time spent on medication preparation, administration checks and residual medication checks. The system has been recognized to protect not only residents but also facility staff from medication errors, so as of November 15, 2022, it has been introduced at 520 facilities in Japan (according to the operator's survey).

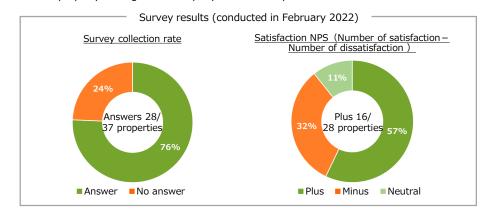




Tenant (Operator) Satisfaction Survey



HAM conducts a satisfaction survey of operators of its properties on a regular basis (in principle once a year), and shares the results of this survey (requests, issues, etc.) with the property management company to increase operator satisfaction.



Installation of negative pressure ventilator







As part of interior arrangements to isolate COVID-19-positive individuals or residents suspected of infection, a simple HEPA ceiling-embedded negative pressure ventilator was installed in short-term care rooms at Green Life Moriquchi.







Initiatives in Collaboration with the Operators

• Installation of In-House Power Generation Facilities





Of the 48 properties owned by HCM as of the end of November 2022, 46 properties (about 95.8%) are equipped with in-house power generation facilities, forming a system prepared for emergencies.

ESG Promotion Activities for Tenants (Operators)





- ESG Workshops for Operators
- HCM holds ESG workshops for operators of its properties to deepen their understanding and to introduce and promote initiatives to address issues based on HAM's Basic Policy on ESG.
- Distribution of SDGs Promotion Leaflets

HCM distributes "SDGs promotion leaflets" to operators of properties it owns to promote the SDGs during facilities use.

Sponsorship of Music Concerts Organized by Operators

HAM sponsored the Nichii Home Autumn Music Festival 2022 organized by operator Nichii Carepalace Company in October 2022.





Contribution to Local Communities













Employment support for people with disabilities

At "Green Life Moriguchi" and "SHIP Senri Building," hydroponic cultivation of vegetables is carried out as a job assistance project for people with disabilities.

GreenLife Moriguchi (GREEN LIFE Co., Ltd.)





GREEN FARM Senri Chuo (SHIP HEALTHCARE FOOD Co., Ltd.)





Initiatives in Collaboration with the Operators

Combining Facilities with Daycares for children

As of the end of July 2022, 4 of the 47 properties owned by HCM were contributing to the local community by housing daycare facilities.

Combined-Use Facilities

Property name	Contract area	
AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama	1769.00m²	
ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan		
Kobe Gakuentoshi Building	1709.00111	
SHIP Senri Building		

> Combining Facilities with Clinics, Pharmacies, and Day Centers

The properties owned by HCM include some in which part of the area is leased to businesses other than facilities/housing for seniors, such as clinics, pharmacies, and day centers.

These areas are open to not only residents of the facility but also the local community in general, providing it with necessary medical and care services.

As of the end of July 2022, 8 of the 47 properties owned by HCM were contributing to the local community by housing clinics or pharmacies.

Combined-Use Facilities (clinic, pharmacy)

Property name	Contract area
Kobe Gakuentoshi Building	
Smiling Home Medice Adachi	
AIKOEN ICHIBANKAN Building	
SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki	2900.46m²
Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama	2900.46111
Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama II	
Royal Kawaguchi	
SHIP Senri Building	

As of the end of July 2022, 9 of the 48 properties owned by HCM were contributing to the local community by housing day centers.

Combined-Use Facilities (Day Centers)

Property name
SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan
SAWAYAKA Mekarikan
SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki
Royal Kawaguchi
Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien
NOAH GARDEN LEGEND
NOAH GARDEN L Grace
NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH
NOAH GARDEN Season Bell

ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan (Kids Harmony Hakusan)





Positive Impact of Investing in Healthcare Facilities

• Investment in Affordable Senior Housing



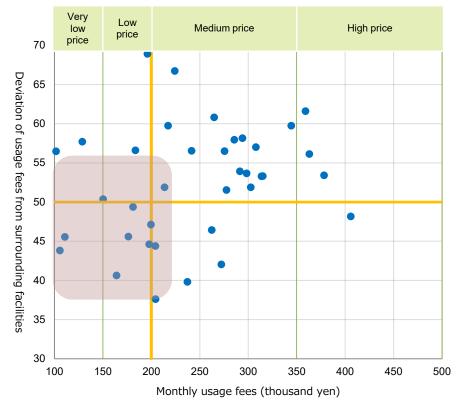




The scatter plots below show the monthly fees of HCM's main facilities on the horizontal axis and the deviation compared with surrounding facilities on the vertical axis. Our investments are diversified rather than skewing toward a high price range.

In particular, the facilities with reasonable monthly fees for their area (the lower-left shaded area) are not only price-competitive but also affordable to a wide range of elderly people. HCM defines these facilities as affordable facilities.

HCM and HAM believe that investing in these affordable facilities for the elderly can contribute to the development and revitalization of communities where people can continue to live.



Data source: Prepared by HAM based on "Paid Nursing Home Product Data: Average Monthly Cost for 60-month Nursing Care Residents" and "Average Monthly Cost for 120-month Independent Residents" by Tamura Planning & Operating.

Efforts to Appoint Female Facility Managers







The percentage of female facility managers at HCM-owned properties reached 31.9% in FY2022, and women are being actively promoted to managerial positions.

Proportion of Female Facility Managers at Properties Owned by HCM (Note1)

	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022
Number of target properties (Note2)	34	35	36	47
Number of male	23	23	25	32
Male ratio	67.6%	65.7%	69.4%	68.1%
Number of female	11	12	11	15
Female ratio	32.4%	34.3%	30.6%	31.9%

(Note1) Created based on the disclosure statement of important matters for each facility obtained by HAM every fiscal year.

(Note2) Covers properties owned by HCM at the end of each year, excluding Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital. "SHIP Senri Building" covers Well House Senri-Chuo, a pay nursing home with care services.

4. Social: Initiatives aimed at HAM Executives and Employees

Initiatives at HAM

Human Capital Development

HAM

Personnel Data (Diversity & Inclusion)

	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021
Number of executives and employees (Note1)	15	16	18	19
(Number of directly hired executives and employees)	8	9	10	14
(Number of assigned employees)	7	6	8	5
Number of male	14	15	17	18
Male ratio	93.3%	93.8%	94.4%	94.7%
Number of female	1	1	1	1
Female ratio	6.7%	6.3%	5.6%	5.3%
Number of manager	5	5	6	6
Number of male	5	5	6	6
Male ratio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Number of female	0	0	0	0
Female ratio	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Number of new hires	2	2	1	4
Number of employees leaving the company	1	1	0	0
Annual turnover rate (Note2)	6.3%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Average monthly overtime hours	40.1	27.5	25.6	35.9
Average employment	2 years and 5 months	3 years and 0 months	3 years and 4 months	3 years and 3 months
Average paid leave acquired	11.7	16.3	10.9	11.2
Acquisition Rate	55.9%	71.1%	53.3%	56.1%
Health examination / screening rate	100%	100%	100%	100%
Occupational injury frequency (Note3)	0%	0%	0%	0%

(Note1) Numbers of employees are as of the end of each fiscal year (March 31).

(Note2) The ratio of employees leaving the company to total employees as of the end of each fiscal period (March 31) are indicated.

(Note3) Occupational injury frequency = Number of occupational injury ÷ Total actual working hours × 1,000,000

Human Capital Development Initiatives / Framework for Ensuring that Executives and Employees Are Suitably Motivated

In order for employees to improve their professional skills, HAM recommends the acquisition of qualifications that are closely related to our business, such as a Real Estate Notary license or ARES Certified Master license.

Number of Employees Holding Qualifications as of the End of October 2022 (including employees on temporary assignment from the sponsors, etc.)			
Real Estate Notary	13	65.0%	
ARES Certified Master	11	55.0%	
First-Class Architect	1	5.0%	
Property Manager	1	5.0%	
Real Estate Consulting Master	1	5.0%	
Certified Building Administrator	1	5.0%	
Small and Medium Enterprise Management Consultant	1	5.0%	
Certified International Investment Analyst	1	5.0%	
Chartered Member Analyst of the Securities Analysts Association of Japan	2	10.0%	
Medical Management Specialist, Second Grade	1	5.0%	
Medical Management Specialist, Third Grade	4	20.0%	

4. Social: Initiatives aimed at HAM Executives and Employees

Initiatives at HAM

In order to foster and improve self-directed compliance awareness, we hold monthly compliance workshops and rigorously implement customer-oriented business operations (fiduciary duty) for all executives and employees.

	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022
Number of compliance workshops	22	23	14
Number of participation in external compliance workshops	13	26	6

(Note) The number of compliance workshops held in fiscal 2022 and the number of participants in external training are based on the actual number of meetings held and participated in from April to November 2022.

Main theme of compliance workshops	Fiscal 2020 (Number of participants/ Participation rate) (Note)	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022
Compliance program of each fiscal year	20 /100%	21 /100%	22 /100%
FSA Administrative Guidelines, Supervisory Guidelines, Basic Policy on Securities Monitoring, etc.	18 /100%	21 /100%	19 /100%
Basic Policy on Customer-Oriented Business Operation	20 /100%	_	19 /100%
Exclusion of anti social force	19 /100%	21 /100%	21 /100%
Insider Trading Regulations and Corporate Related Information Management System	20 /100%	21 /100%	20 /100%
Information Management as an Asset Management Company	20 /100%	21 /100%	20 /100%

Main theme of compliance workshops	Fiscal 2020 (Number of participants/ Participation rate) (Note)	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022
Management of Personal Information and Data	20 /100%	21 /100%	20 /100%
Disclosure / Fair Disclosure	18 /100%	20 /100%	_
Regulations on Conduct under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, Issuance Disclosure and Distribution Disclosure	19 /100%	20 /100%	-
Appropriate Management of Related Party Transactions and Conflicts of Interest	18 /100%	20 /100%	19 /100%
Accidents, Scandals and Clerical Errors	19 /100%	21 /100%	_
Complaint Handling and Financial ADR System	21 /100%	22 /100%	_
Prevention of Money Laundering and Confirmation at Time of Transaction	18 /100%	20 /100%	20 /100%
FATCA	19 /100%	20 /100%	_
Reporting Obligations to FSA, MLIT, etc., Statutory Ledgers and Licensing Matters	20 /100%	20 /100%	-
Rules on Entertainment/Gifts and Prevention of Bribery	20 /100%	20 /100%	_
Human rights	-	-	18 /100%
Items of Special Note Regarding Real Estate Fund Managers	20 /100%	20 /100%	-
Confirmation Tests (first quarter)	16 /100%	16 /100%	16 /100%
Confirmation Tests (second quarter)	16 /100%	18 /100%	14 /100%
Confirmation Tests (third quarter)	16 /100%	18 /100%	_
Confirmation Tests (fourth quarter)	16 /100%	18 /100%	_

(Note) The participation rate is calculated using the number of full-time directors and employees as the denominator and the number of participants as the numerator. Follow-up training is provided for those absent on the day of the workshop, and the number of participants includes those who attended the follow-up training.

4. Social: Initiatives aimed at HAM Executives and Employees

Initiatives at HAM

Actions Aimed at Securing Human Resources

HAM has continued to consider new hires for the purpose of ensuring that we have sufficient human resources and to promote the development of an employee-friendly working environment, such as actively encouraging employees to take paid leave (paid leave usage rate in FY2021: 56.1%), with the aim of improving the motivation of employees and executives and retaining them on a long-term basis.

In addition, as part of our human resources strategy, we are working to enhance our asset management operations by accepting highly specialized employees with diverse backgrounds from the sponsor companies.

Initiatives for Fair Personnel Evaluation

HAM has revised its personnel evaluation system, clarifying the roles and abilities required for each employee level, to evaluate job performance, base element, and comprehensive achievement of three performance targets which consist of single-year targets, medium-term targets and skill development. The final evaluation for the year for each employee is determined through regular interviews with and feedback from primary and secondary evaluators, making it a fair personnel evaluation process.

- Benefits and work-life balance
- ✓ Introduction of Cumulative Investment System

We have introduced a cumulative investment system that allows directly hired executives and employees to purchase HCM investment units. It is expected that the introduction of this system will assist executives and employees with asset-building and make them more conscious of improving business performance, which we believe will contribute to the continuous growth of HCM and improved unitholder value. Moreover, with the aim of promoting investment unit acquisition by employees and thereby enhancing the impact of the system, we began providing financial incentives in April 2021.

✓ Introduction of Corporate Defined Contribution Pension Plan

HAM has introduced a corporate defined contribution pension plan as one of its benefit

programs, with the aim of contributing to the lifelong stability and welfare of its executives
and employees.

√ Vacation System

HAM provides a vacation system which includes leave for weddings, funerals, pregnancy, childbirth, childcare, sick or injured children and family care.

✓ Premium Friday

As part of our efforts to reform the way we work, we encourage employees to leave the office early on "Premium Friday" (the last Friday of the month).

✓ Health Examinations

Health examinations with items of inspection exceeding the legal requirement are conducted once every year.

✓ Employee Satisfaction Survey

We conducted a questionnaire survey on employee satisfaction in and 2021 through a third-party investigation agency in order to understand employee's perceptions of work as well as the conditions of the workspace and to realize an office environment that is conducive to work. Employees were questioned anonymously on items such as resonance with the corporate philosophy, worthwhileness of work and personal relationship and atmosphere of the workplace. The results of the survey were shared with all employees. We will continue introducing measures that will further increase the satisfaction of employees.

> Arrangement of the Office Environment

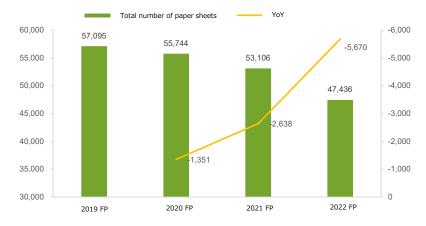
HAM implements the following in an effort to establish an environment that is conducive to the work of employees.

- · Introduction of a system of remote working
- All executives and employees are lent laptops with secure communication environments via VPN connection.
- Monitors, etc. are loaned to those who wish to ensure a working environment equivalent to an office.
- · Installation of multiple low-concentration ozone generators (Airness)
- · Installation of large-scale monitors in meeting rooms



Digitization of Internal Meeting Materials

In September 2022, HAM implemented a paperless system for meeting materials at its officer meetings, Management Committee meetings and Board of Directors meetings in order to reduce environmental impact. As a result of this initiative, the total number of paper sheets used for approximately three months was reduced by 5,670 sheets (approx. 10.7%) year-on-year.



(Note) Calculated based on the total for the three-month period from August 21 to November 20 of each fiscal year.

Governance System to Ensure Appropriate Asset Management

Corporate Governance

HCM & HAM

Corporate Governance

The institutional operation of HCM is conducted by the General Meeting of Unitholders comprised of HCM's unitholders in addition to the Board of Directors comprised of one executive directorand two supervisory directors, as well as the accounting auditor.

Directors' compensations are stipulated by the Articles of Incorporation. The maximum compensation for the executive director is 500,000 yen per month per person and the monthly compensation is determined by the Board of Directors. The maximum compensation for the supervisory directors is 500,000 yen per month per person and the monthly compensation is determined by the Board of Directors.

Furthermore, as employment is forbidden to HCM by the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations, HCM does not employ any employees but entrusts the management of its assets to the Asset Management Company.

> Separation of Executive Director of HCM and President & CEO of HAM

From November 1, 2020, the system in which President & CEO of HAM concurrently serves as executive director of HCM was dissolved.



Board of Directors Meetings, Executive Director and Supervisory Director

The supervisory directors were replaced at the General Meeting of Unitholders held in October 2022. Supervisory Director Shida, who served four terms, retired and Supervisory Director Sato was appointed. The executive directors and supervisory directors attended all board meetings held.

Title	Name	Profession · Expertise	Gender	Years in office	Status of Attendance in Board of Directors Meetings
Executive Director	Yuji Fujise	Shimada Hamba & Osajima Lawyer	Male	2 years and 1 month	16 times/16 times (100%)
Supervisory Director	Sachihiko Fujimoto	Hayabusa Asuka Law Offices Counsel, Certified public accountant	Male	8 years	16 times/16 times (100%)
Supervisory Director	Kaori Sato	Torikai Law Office Partner, Lawyer	Female	1 month	Once/Once (100%)

[Reference: Information on Former Supervisory Directors (Dec 2014 to Oct 2022)]

Previous Supervisory Director	Yasuo Shida I	Blakemore & Mitsuki Partner, Lawyer	Male	7 years and 11months	15 times/15 times (100%)
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(Note 1) The term of office is from the time of appointment to the end of November 2022.

(Note 2) The number of board meetings attended is based on the actual number of board meetings held from November 2021 to November 2022 during the tenure of each director.

- Appropriate Management of Conflicts of Interest
- Related party is defined in broader terms than interested party, etc. under the Investment Trust Law, and established a system to carry out transactions after conducting rigorousexaminations.

For details of the decision-making process, please refer to "Decision-Making Flow Concerning Acquisition of Assets Under Management" on the next page.

interested party, etc under the Investmen Trust Law

related party

- Fee for property acquisition from related party or property transfer to related party Acquisition or transfer price × 0.5% (usually 1.0%) is upper limit.
- Compensation for the Asset Management Company

Total compensation					
14th Fiscal Period (ended Jan. 2022)	15th Fiscal Period (ended Jul.2022)				
200,330 thousand yen	203,435 thousand yen				

(Note) Apart from the above, 66,960 thousand yen of asset management fees were generated in the 15th fiscal period (ended Jul. 2022) for property acquisition included in the book value of real estate, etc.

Compensation for the Auditor

Title Name	Total compensation		
	14th Fiscal Period (ended Jan. 2022)	15th Fiscal Period (ended Jul.2022)	
Accounting auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata LLC	7,500 thousand yen	9,500 thousand yen

Compensation for the Directors

Title Name	Name	14th Fiscal Period (ended Jan. 2022)		15th Fiscal Period (ended Jul.2022)		16th Fiscal Period (ended Jan.2023) (Note 1)	
		Monthly Compensation	Total Compensation	Monthly Compensation	Total Compensation	Monthly Compensation	Total Compensation
Executive Director	Yuji Fujise	300 thousand yen	1,800 thousand yen	300 thousand yen	1,800 thousand yen	300 thousand yen (Note 2)	2,100 thousand yen
Supervisory Director	Sachihiko Fujimoto	250 thousand yen	1,500 thousand yen	250 thousand yen	1,500 thousand yen	250 thousand yen	1,500 thousand yen
Supervisory Director	Kaori Sato	_	_	_	_	250 thousand yen	750 thousand yen

[Reference: Information on Former Supervisory Directors (Dec 2014 to Oct 2022)]

Previous		250	1,500	250	1,500	250	750
1 1 CVIOUS		230	1,500	230	1,500	230	750
Suponviconv	Yasuo Shida	thousand	thousand	thousand	thousand	thousand	thousand
Super visor y	rasuo Siliua	ulousaliu	uiousaiiu	uiousaiiu	uiousaiiu	uiousaiiu	uiousaiiu
Director		ven	ven	ven	ven	ven	ven
Director		yCII	ycn	ycn	ycn	ycn	ycii

(Note 1) Total compensation for the 16th fiscal period is an estimated amount.

(Note 2) Monthly compensation for executive directors has changed to 400 thousand yen since November 2022.

Initiatives at HCM and HAM

Decision-Making Flow Concerning Acquisition of Assets Under Management

Investment Department

Proposal of acquisition plan by the Investment Department (Property due diligence by the Investment Department)

When the candidate asset under management to be acquired is a healthcare facility or hospital real estate

When the candidate asset under management to be acquired is a property other than healthcare facility or hospital real estate

Healthcare Business Promotion Department or External Experts (if necessary)
Preparation of evaluation reports about the management status of a facility
and submission to the Investment Department

Compliance Officer (CO) [Responsible for compliance]

Confirmation by Compliance Officer of existence or non-existence of issues on legal compliance and other compliance (hereinafter, "legal compliance issues")

When the transaction falls under the category of related-party transactic ,or if the ComplianceOfficer judges that it is necessary to consider the le compliance issues concernig the proposed income plan

Compliance Committee

[Held prior to the Management Committee meeting when there is a related-party transaction or legal compliance issue.]

Deliberation and resolution of the existence or non-existence of legal compliance issues by the Compliance Committee.

Committee members: President & CEO, Full-time Director, Compliance Officer, External member (External lawyer)

Resolution requirements: Resolution by approval of a majority of attending committee members; however, attendance and approval of the CO and external committee member are required.

Management Committee

[The final decision-making body for investment decisions, it deliberates and resolves on HCM's property acquisitions, etc., as delegated by the Board of Directors.]

* However, if the proposed acquisition plan falls under the category of interested-party transaction, which requires the approval of HCM's Board of Directors under the Investment Trusts Act, such prior approval will be obtained.

Deliberation and resolution at the Management Committee (The Compliance Officer may order the suspension of deliberation and resolution by the Management Committee when it is judged that there are issues such as legal violation in the procedures of proceedings and the content of deliberation.)

Committee members: President & CEO, Full-time Director, Head of each department, External member (External License Real Estate Appraiser), CO (without voting rights)

Resolution requirements: A resolution must be passed with at least three-fourths of the committee members in attendance and the approval of at least three-fourths of the committee members in attendance (however, external committee members must approve).

Board of Directors of HAM and HCM

Reportiong to the Board of Directors of HAM and HCM

(However, if the proposed acquisition plan falls under the category of transaction with interested party, etc. that requires approval of HCM's Board of Directors based on the Investment Trust Act, prior approval of the HCM's Board of Directors shall be obtained.)

External Members of the Management Committee and Compliance Committee

The members of HAM's Management Committee and Compliance Committee are comprised of outside experts selected by the Board of Directors. Checks for conflicts of interest are set in place and the fairness, objectivity and validity of the committees' decision making are ensured. The external members of the Management Committee and Compliance Committee are as follows.

Compliance Committee

	Name	Gender	Profession / Title	voting right	veto right
Chairperson	Hiroyuki Matsumoto	Male	HAM / Compliance Officer	0	0
External member	Eriko Matsuno	Female	Attorney / Tokyo J Law Offices Representative	0	0
Member	Seiji Yoshioka	Male	HAM/ Representative Director	0	-
Member	Kyosuke Umezu	Male	HAM / Full-time Director	0	-
Member	Atsushi Tanno	Male	HAM / Director and Chief Investment Officer	0	-

Resolution requirements: Resolution by approval of a majority of attending committee members; however, attendance and approval of the CO and external committee member are required.

Management Committee

	Name	Gender	Profession / Title	voting right	veto right
Chairperson	Seij Yoshioka	Male	HAM / Representative Director	0	-
External member	Toshiko Okamura	Female	Licensed Real Estate Appraiser / Toukatsu Real Estate Appriasal Representative	0	0
Member	Kyosuke Umezu	Male	HAM / Full-time Director	0	-
Member	Atsushi Tanno	Male	HAM / Director and Chief Investment Officer	0	-
Member	Atsumasa Furuya	Male	HAM / Head of Financial Management Division	0	-
Member	Kazushige Endo	Male	HAM / Chief Asset Management Officer	0	-
Member	Noboru Kushige	Male	HAM / Chief Healthcare Business Promotion Officer	0	-
Member	Hiroyuki Matsumoto	Male	HAM / Compliance Officer	-	0

Resolution requirements: A resolution must be passed with at least three-fourths of the committee members in attendance and the approval of at least three-fourths of the committee members in attendance (however, the external committee member must approve).

Ratio of Women and External (Outside) Members in Each Committee

Meeting structure	Ratio of Women	Ratio of External (Outside) Members
Board of Directors of HCM	33.3%	66.7%
Board of Directors of HAM	0.0%	0.0%
Management Committee	12.5%	12.5%
Compliance Committee	20.0%	20.0%

(Note) The external (outside) ratio is the ratio of outside officers and committee members who are independent from the shareholders of the HAM. Independence is determined in accordance with the requirements for outside directors as stipulated in Article 2, Paragraph 15 of the Companies Act.

Compliance and Risk Management Systems

Compliance

HCM & HAM

Compliance System

HAM, fully cognizant of the significance of the fact that the asset management it conducts with the assets of HCM constitutes the management of the funds of HCM's investors, in order to ensure the development of an appropriate management structure, has set up the Compliance Office as a division responsible for matters pertaining to compliance of HAM, and has appointed a Compliance Officer as an individual responsible for supervising matters pertaining to compliance, thereby ensuring the effectiveness of the function of internal oversight of other departments. The appointment or the dismissal of the Compliance Officer will be processed through the resolution of the Board of Directors.

The Compliance Officer, as the key person responsible for compliance at HAM, is charged with establishing and maintaining the internal compliance structure of the company and raising the level of standards awareness within the company with regard to compliance with all applicable laws and rules. Also, the Compliance Officer will promote awareness of compliance of executives and employees and disseminate compliance through the planning and implementation of compliance trainings for executives and employees. To those ends, the Compliance Officer continually monitors to ensure that all operations conducted for the asset management of HCM by HAM comply with all applicable laws and the Articles of Incorporation of HCM, and exercises supervision over the overall internal compliance environment in daily operations.

In view of the importance of the duties of the Compliance Officer, only a person having adequate investigative and supervisory capacity for ensuring compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and rules will be appointed as the Compliance Officer.

> Formulation and Execution of the Compliance Manual

In order to ensure thorough compliance with laws, etc. (referring to laws, ordinances, regulations and other orders HAM must observe in executing operations, the regulations of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan (the "Investment Trusts Association"), the regulations of the financial instruments exchange to which HCM is listed, the Articles of Incorporation of HCM, the Articles of Incorporation and in-house rules of HAM and the agreements concluded by HAM based on such (including asset management entrustment agreements), etc.), HAM has established the Compliance Rules and the Compliance Manual, has formulated the Compliance Program, which is a concrete practice plan for realizing compliance with laws, etc., and will strive to implement compliance with laws, etc. in accordance with the program.

Initiatives to Prevent Corruption, Eliminate Anti-Social Forces, and Prevent Money Laundering and Terrorist Funding

HAM has established a system to strictly prohibit and prevent corruption, such as bribery, money laundering, embezzlement, and other violations of the law. This includes the establishment of the Rules on Prevention of Bribery, Reception of Gifts and Rules on Handling of Verifications on Transactions.

As a basic policy for eliminating anti-social forces, HAM stipulates that "it will sever any ties whatsoever with anti-social forces, reject unjust demands from them, engage in no backroom deals with and provide no funds to them, and, if necessary, take legal action against them and adopt a company-wide response to anti-social forces while collaborating with specialized external organizations."

Based on this basic policy, HAM severs all ties with anti-social forces, ensures appropriate management of HAM, and prevents significant harm to stakeholders, including executives and employees, and shareholders, and with the aim of fulfilling HAM's social responsibilities, it has established Regulations for Eliminating Anti-Social Forces and Manual for Eliminating Anti-Social Forces, etc., which stipulate policies and specific procedures for handling their elimination.

Furthermore, it has established a department for handling anti-social forces and a supervisory officer, and through internal compliance training, it aims to comprehensively inform all executives and employees about the policies for eliminating anti-social forces and the methods of handling them.

Establishment of Internal Reporting System

HAM has established a system for consultation and appropriate handling of reports related to violations and other questionable acts or facts in relation to laws and other societal standards and the Compliance Manual (compliance-related information). Both internal and external points of contact are in place.

Compliance workshops

In order to foster and improve self-directed compliance awareness, we hold monthly compliance workshops and rigorously implement customer-oriented business operations (fiduciary duty) for all executives and employees.

Compliance and Risk Management Systems

Risk Management

HCM & HAM

Risk Management

With regard to the various risks concerning investment management, HCM observes the rules stipulated in the Investment Trust Act and other related laws and regulations. Also, HAM establishes appropriate company regulations for such risks, sets forth necessary organizational structures and educates executives and employees in order to enhance their mindfulness of compliance, among other measures. The specific initiatives are as follows.

A. HCM

HCM is managed by the Board of Directors comprised of one executive director and two supervisory directors. The Board of Directors convenes at least once every three months as necessary to pass resolutions pertaining to matters stipulated by law and HCM's Board of Directors' Rules and report on the status of execution of operations by HAM and executive director of HCM. This system enables supervisory directors that are independent from HAM and interested parties, etc. to supervise the status of execution of operations. Also, the supervisory directors may request reports concerning the operations and financial status of HCM from HAM, the asset custody company, etc. and conduct necessary investigations.

B. HAM

In order to appropriately manage various risks, HAM has formulated the Risk Management Rules as company regulations, stipulating that significant risks must be reported to the Board of Directors without delay. Additionally, HAM has formulated the Related Party Transaction Rules in order to prevent harm to the interests of HCM, thereby establishing strict rules against conflicts of interest. Regarding compliance, HAM has established the Compliance Regulations and the Compliance Manual to promote thorough legal compliance, has formulated the Compliance Program, which is a concrete practice plan for realizing compliance with laws, etc., and will strive to implement compliance with laws, etc. in accordance with the program.

Furthermore, HAM has formulated the Internal Audit Rules to secure adequacy of operations and promote efficient management, thereby establishing a self-monitoring system.

Internal Audits

A. Organization and Details of Internal Audits

The internal audits of HAM are conducted by the Internal Audit Office and Internal Audit Office Manager. Moreover, when the Compliance Officer also occupies the post of Internal Audit Office Manager, the Head of Financial & Administration Department shall have authority over and owe duty for internal audits concerning the operations of the Compliance Officer and Compliance Office.

(The person appointed to the post of Head of Financial & Administration Department shall be one with sufficient knowledge and experience for proper execution of internal audits of the Compliance Officer and Compliance Office.)

The internal audits will target all organizations and divisions and their operations.

The Internal Audit Division formulates an internal audit plan upon understanding the conditions of internal management, risk management, etc. of audited divisions. In principle, internal audits shall be conducted based on the internal audit plan at least once a year (periodic audits). However, audits will also be conducted by special order of the Representative Director (special audits). Special audits shall be prescribed by the Representative Director when it is recognized to be particularly necessary in cases where, during an internal audit plan's target period, facts contrary to the conditions of internal management, risk management, etc. of audited divisions grasped as of the formulation of the internal audit plan come to light.

When internal audits are being conducted, each division must present and explain documents, registers, etc. to the Internal Audit Office and Internal Audit Office Manager as requested and cooperate for the smooth implementation of the audit.

B. Remedial Measures Based on Results of Internal Audits

The Internal Audit Office and Internal Audit Office Manager shall notify the audited divisions of the audit results. The Representative Director may issue recommendations for improvement to an audited division in light of the audit results. The audited division shall then prepare an improvement plan and, having effected the improvement, report to the Representative Director and Internal Audit Office Manager with regard to the status of improvement. The Representative Director and Internal Audit Office Manager shall then deliberate the content of the report, thereby confirming the effective functioning of the internal audit.

BCP Measures

In preparation for emergency situations that may occur in the course of management of HCM's assets due primarily to large-scale earthquakes, fires, typhoons, storms, flooding, abnormal weather and other natural disasters, other man-made disasters such as terrorist attacks and cyberattacks, infectious diseases such as novel influenza viruses or damage/disruption of lifelines, HAM has established a Crisis Management Manual for a policy of measures of preparation, ensuring of chain-of-command, prevention of spread of damage and continuation of important operations for the purpose of promptly ensuring the safety of executives and employees, reducing risk and damage, preventing an increase of loss for unitholders and stakeholders, ensuring continuation of important operations and early recovery, etc.

Also, HAM's office, general warehouse, etc. are equipped with three days' worth of emergencyfood and water for executives and employees and other stockpiles and equipment.

Confirmation of Safety

In order to quickly grasp the situation and safety of executives and employees in a disaster, HAM has introduced a system of confirming safety using the internet and emails as part of the company's crisis management strategy. Safety confirmation trainings are conducted at least once a year. The participation rate in fiscal 2022 was 100%.

6. Social Finance

SDGs Social Finance Framework

JCR Social Finance Framework Evaluation The highest evaluation Social 1 (F)

Social Date of issue: January 30, 2020 Period: 10 years Amount of issue: 2 billion yen Interest rate: 0.78%

Social Social Ioan balance: 32.15 billion yen (about 86.5% of the Ioan balance) (As of October 31, 2022)

**New Ioans after January 2019 are all social Ioans.

• What Is Social Finance?

Social Finance refers to finance with issuance of bonds and loans "that raise funds for new and existing projects with positive social outcomes." Specifically, it is a financing approach where (i) The use of funds is limited to projects with a high degree of contribution to society, (ii) The funds are reliably tracked and managed, and (iii) Transparency is secured through reporting after the fund-raising.

ESG financing is showing signs of spreading to various financing tools rather than just bonds in recent years. There is already encouragement being explicitly made for investment in various financial instruments, such as the "Green Loan Principles" published by the Loan Market Association for green projects.

In the "Recommendation from the High Level Meeting on ESG Finance - Toward becoming a big power in ESG finance-" announced by the Ministry of the Environment on July 27, 2018, promotion of ESG financing that have ESG and SDG contributions as the use of proceeds has been incorporated as follows:

"We understand that a strategic shift toward a decarbonized, sustainable society is exactly the source of Japan's competitiveness and "new growth," as both the Paris Agreement and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) pursue such a society. Against this backdrop, we have confirmed that it is essential to develop ESG investments, which are being accelerated ahead in direct finance, into those with a larger social impact, and to realize ESG financing in indirect finance as well through collaborations between regional financial institutions and local governments, etc. with financial institutions' responses to the global trend in mind… Given Japan's financial structure centered on indirect finance, encouraging considerations to ESG in loan will also be a key to expansion of sustainable and inclusive ESG finance."

Establishment of SDGs Social Finance Framework

HAM established the SDGs Social Finance Framework limiting the use of funds to investments with a high degree of social contribution when HCM raises funds through borrowings or issuance of bonds as social finance as well as defining the confirmation and management system of the status of allocation of procured funds and reporting system of the effect of social contribution, etc. The framework limits the use of funds procured from social financing to new investments in healthcare facilities and refinancing. In addition, it also defines the criteria and process of project selection, fund management method, status of allocation of funds and reporting on social outcome.

JCR Social Finance Evaluation

• What Is JCR Social Finance Evaluation?

JCR Social Finance Evaluation is an evaluation performed by Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (hereinafter, "JCR") by confirming that the use of funds are in alignment with the Social Finance components of the principles published by the International Capital Market Association (ICMA) and consistent with the SDGs. In the confirmation and evaluation, the "Social Bond Principles" and "Mapping of SDGs and Social Project Categories" published by ICMA are used as reference indicators in the evaluation, and such include the "Social Finance Framework Evaluation," an evaluation for the framework of fund procurement, "Social Loan Evaluation," an evaluation for borrowings, and "Social Bond Evaluation," an evaluation for bonds

Acquisition of First Social Finance Evaluation by a J-REIT

HCM was the first J-REIT to acquire social finance evaluation by JCR for the social finance framework and the social loans through which funds were procured in February 2019 (total of 11.75 billion yen). The impact of HCM's businesses on the society, the management method of the procured funds, the information disclosure system, etc. were highly evaluated, and HCM received the highest evaluation for each item. For details, please refer to the evaluation report on JCR's website.

Evaluation item	Result
Social Finance Framework Evaluation	Social1 (F)
Social Loan Evaluation	Social1

JCR website

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/

First issuance of social bond of HCM

When the refinancing in January 2020, HCM issued the Social Bond for the first time with an aim to expand fund procurement methods by the expansion of its investor base which is proactively conducting ESG investment, as well as to improve unitholder value over the medium to long term by contribution to the realization of a sustainable society set in the SDGs.

Actions	Targets of SDGs	Expected effects of social contribution			
	3 COM HELTH AND WILL REING	 Elimination of the shortage of housing for the elderly against the elderly population Promotion of earthquake resistance at hospitals Promotion of the shift of hospital functions to realize a sustainable society 			
Continuous investment in healthcare facilities and stable asset management	5 ERREIT	 Promotion of social advancement of women who were forced to leave their jobs to be engaged in nursing care by promoting the supply of nursing care facilities 			
	8 GEORGI (WARK AND	 Reduction of work burden of nursing care staff through ICT system investments in nursing care facilities 			

6. Social Finance

Status of Allocation of Social Loan and Social Bond

• Status of Use and Procurement of Funds (November 1, 2021 - October 31, 2022)

Use of	funds	Fund procurement		
Acquisition of healthcare facilities	6 billion yen	Social loan	13 billion yen	
Refinancing	7 billion yen	Social bond	-	
Expenses, etc.(Note)	-	Own funds	-	
Total	13 billion yen	Total	13 billion yen	

(Note) Expenses include research expenses, investment unit issuance expenses, loan fees, etc. associated with property acquisition.

• List of Social Loans and Social Bond (November 1, 2021 - October 31, 2022)

HCM procured 7.0 billion yen on January 31, 2022, 5.5 billion yen on March 30, 2022, and 0.5 billion yen on September 30, 2022, and allocated the entire amount as funds for financing borrowings associated with the acquisition of trust beneficiary rights for healthcare facilities and refinancing such borrowings.

[List of Social Loans]

Lender	Borrowing amount	Interest rate	Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Security
Loan syndicate with Sumitomo Mitsui	1.1 billion yen	Fixed interest rate	January 31,	January 31, 2025		
Banking Corporation as an arranger	5.9 billion yen	3-month TIBOR+0.45%	2022	January 31, 2027		
SMBC	2 billion yen	3-month TIBOR+0.25%	March 30, 2022	March 30, 2023	Lump-sum repayment on	Unsecured
Loan syndicate with Sumitomo Mitsui	0.7 billion yen	3-month TIBOR+0.35%	March 30, 2022	January 31, 2026	principal repayment date	Unguaranteed
Banking Corporation as an arranger	2.8 billion yen	3-month TIBOR+0.55%	January 31, 2028			
SMBC	0.5 billion yen	3-month TIBOR+0.25%	September 30, 2022	January 31, 2023		

[Status of Use and Allocation of Funds]

Use of Funds	Allocation ratio	Unallocated amount
Funds for acquisition of healthcare facilities (including trust beneficiary rights)	46.2%	None
Funds for refinancing	53.8%	None

[Borrowings for Refinancing]

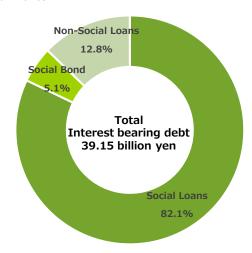
Lender	Balance	Drawdown date	Refinancing date
Loan syndicate with	2 billion yen	March 3, 2017	
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3 billion yen	March 21, 2017	January 31, 2022
as an arranger	2 billion yen	February 1, 2019	

Initial use of funds

- · Acquisition funds for Kobe Gakuentoshi Building, GreenLife Moriguchi, Hapine Kobe Uozaki Nibankan, Granda Tsuruma-Yamato, Smiling Home Medice Adachi and AIKOEN ICHIBANKAN Building.
- · Acquisition funds for AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama, ASHEIM Hikarigaoka, ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan, SOMPO CARE La vie Re Machidaonoji, SOMPO CARE La vie Re Azamino, SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan, SAWAYAKA Mekarikan, SAWAYAKA Tagawakan, GOOD TIME HOME Fudo-mae, SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Awajiekimae, SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Kobekamisawa, Bonsejour Yotsugi, Medical Home Bonsejour Itami.
- · SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki, Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama, Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama II, Hanakotoba Odawara, Verde Minowa, Verde Hotaka, Sunny Life Kita-Shinagawa, SHIP Senri Building.

Status of Social Finance (as of the end of October, 2022)

Social loans accounted for 32.15 billion yen (82.1%) and social bonds for 2.0 billion yen (5.1%) of total interest-bearing debt as of the end of October 2022, for a total of 34.15 billion yen (87.2%) procured through social finance.



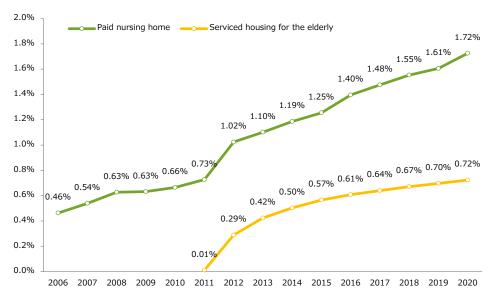
7. Outcome Indicators

Ratio of Housing for the Elderly to the Elderly Population

Status of Supply of Healthcare Facilities

Although the supply of facilities and housing for the elderly is increasing every year in response to the growing demand for medical and nursing care service, the supply rate of paid nursing homes against the elderly population was 1.72% in 2020 and that of serviced housing for the elderly was only 0.72% in 2020.

[Supply Rate of Facilities and Housing for the Elderly Against the Elderly Population (Aged 65 Years or Older)]



(Source) Prepared by the Asset Management Company based on the "Overview of Survey on Social Welfare Facilities, etc." of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, "Information Provision System of Serviced housing for the elderly" on the website of the Senior Housing Association, and "Population Estimation" of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications.

Change in the Acquisition Amount and Number of Healthcare Facilities in the J-REIT Market

As of the end of October 2022, the total acquisition amount of healthcare facilities was 318,746 million yen and the cumulative number of properties was 174 in the J-REIT market. Of these, the cumulative acquisition amount for HCM was 80,007 million yen (25.1%) and the cumulative number of properties for HCM was 48 (27.6%).

	Acquisi	tion amount o	f healthcare f	acilities	Number of healthcare facilities			
	Entire J-RE	EIT market	Н	CM	Entire J-RE	EIT market	НС	CM
	Acquisition Price	Cumulative acquisition Price	Acquisition Price	Cumulative acquisition Price	Number of properties Acquired	Cumulative number of Properties	Number of properties Acquired	Cumulative number of Properties (Note1)
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	2,865	2,865	0	0	4	4	0	0
2007	5,600	8,465	0	0	4	8	0	0
2008	0	8,465	0	0	0	8	0	0
2009	0	8,465	0	0	0	8	0	0
2010	0	8,465	0	0	0	8	0	0
2011	0	8,465	0	0	0	8	0	0
2012	2,510	10,975	0	0	2	10	0	0
2013	1,980	12,955	0	0	2	12	0	0
2014	28,782	41,737	0	0	20	32	0	0
2015	63,411	105,148	23,683	23,683	40	72	16	16
2016	6,278	111,426	1,338	25,021	5	77	2	18
2017	18,417	129,843	15,483	40,504	10	87	7	25
2018	21,675	151,518	1,686	42,190	11	98	2	27
2019	38,900	190,418	22,691	64,881	13	111	8	35
2020	72,820	263,238	1,456	66,337	33	144	1 (Note2)	36
2021	27,237	290,475	720	67,057	12	156	1	37
January 2022	0	290,475	0	67,057	0	156	0	37
February 2022	6,248	296,723	6,248	73,305	6	162	6	43
March 2022	9,881	306,604	5,194	78,499	7	169	4	47
April 2022	2,340	308,944	0	78,499	1	170	0	47
May 2022	0	308,944	0	78,499	0	170	0	47
June2022	0	308,944	0	78,499	0	170	0	47
July 2022	0	308,944	0	78,499	0	170	0	47
August 2022	0	308,944	0	78,499	0	170	0	47
September 2022	3,522	312,466	1,508	80,007	3	173	1	48
October 2022 (Source) Prepared	6,280	318,746	0	80,007	1	174	0	48

(Note1) The accumulated number of properties acquired by HCM is described, therefore, disposed properties aren't included in the calculation. (Note2) Verde Hotaka (land) is not included in the number of properties acquired as it is based on the properties already owned.

8. Output Indicators (During the Reporting Period)

Properties Acquisition and Disposition during the Reporting Period (November 1, 2021 - October 31, 2022)

• HCM newly acquired six properties (total acquisition price:6,248 million yen) in February 2022, four properties (total acquisition price:5,194 million yen) in March 2022, one property (acquisition price:1,508 million yen) in September 2022.

Acquisition date	Property Name	Property type	Acquisition price (million yen)
	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Kobeikawadani	Paid nursing home	1,288
	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama	Paid nursing home	600
February 1,	Royal Kawaguchi	Paid nursing home	1,260
2022	NOAH GARDEN LEGEND	Paid nursing home	859
	NOAH GARDEN L Grace	Paid nursing home	622
	NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH	Serviced housing for the elderly	1,619
	NOAH GARDEN Season Bell	Paid nursing home	1,350
March 30, 2022	Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien	Paid nursing home	2,000
March 30, 2022	Granda Minamiurawa	Paid nursing home	1,022
	Madoka Minamiurawa	Paid nursing home	822
September 30, 2022	Nichii Home Inage	Paid nursing home	1,508
	12,950		

• HCM disposed one property (disposition price:1,450 million yen) in September 2022.

Disposition date	Property Name	Property type	Disposition price (million yen)
September 27, 2022	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Komaki	Paid nursing home	1,450

[Change in Portfolio Status]

[Change in Portiono Status]	
End of fiscal period ended July 2021 (13th FP)	
Number of properties	37
Total acquisition price	67.0 billion yen
Total appraisal value	72.5 billion yen
Average appraisal NOI yield	5.6%
Hospital real estate	2
Number of operators	13
Occupancy Rate	100%
Average remaining lease term	12.7 years

End of October 2022		Comparison with End of 13th FP
Number of properties	47	+10
Total acquisition price	78.7 billion yen	+11.6 billion yen
Total appraisal value	86.5 billion yen	+14 billion yen
Average appraisal NOI yield	5.5%	-0.1%
Hospital real estate	2	±0
Number of operators	16	+3
Occupancy Rate	99.9%	-0.1%
Average remaining lease term	11.2 years	-1.5 years

Properties Acquisition during the Reporting Period (November 1, 2021 - October 31, 2022)

80 rooms, 80 people





Number of rooms/Resident

capacity

Name Royal Kawaguchi	
Location Kawaguchi-shi, Saitar	na
Operator SENIOR LIFE SUPPOR	Т
Appraisal value 1,310 million yen	
Acquisition price 1,260 million yen	
Appraisal NOI yield 4.9%	
Number of rooms/Resident 56 rooms, 56 people capacity	



Name	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama
Location	Sakai-shi, Osaka
Operator	SOMPO Care
Appraisal value	647 million yen
Acquisition price	600 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.4%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	50 rooms,50 people



Name	NOAH GARDEN LEGEND
Location	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido
Operator	NOAH KONZER
Appraisal value	910 million yen
Acquisition price	859 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.6%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	72 rooms, 72 people

8. Output Indicators (During the Reporting Period)

Properties Acquisition during the Reporting Period (November 1, 2021 - October 31, 2022)



No. History	
Name	NOAH GARDEN L Grace
Location	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido
Operator	NOAH KONZER
Appraisal value	660 million yen
Acquisition price	622 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.6%
Number of	51 rooms 51 people

capacity



Name	NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH
Location	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido
Operator	NOAH KONZER
Appraisal value	1,730 million yen
Acquisition price	1,619 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.6%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	115 rooms, 115 people



Name	Granda Minamiurawa
Location	Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama
Operator	Benesse Style Care
Appraisal value	1,100 million yen
Acquisition price	1,022 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	4.8%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	58 rooms, 60 people



Name	Madoka Minamiurawa
Location	Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama
Operator	Benesse Style Care
Appraisal value	883 million yen
Acquisition price	822 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	4.8%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	54 rooms, 54 people



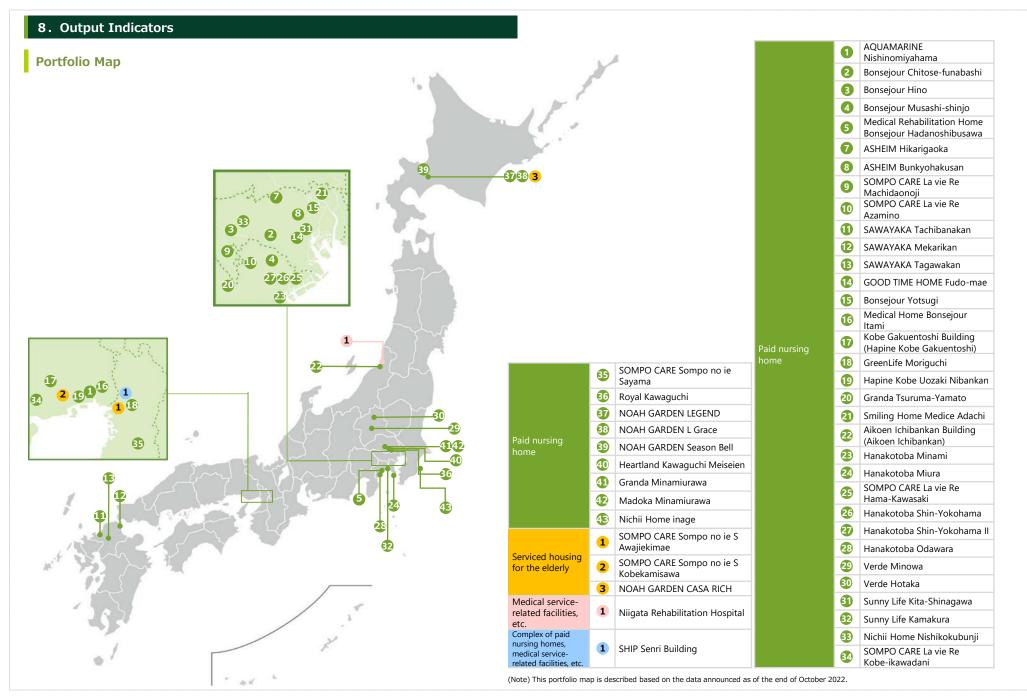
Name	NOAH GARDEN Season Bell
Location	Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido
Operator	NOAH KONZER
Appraisal value	1,520 million yen
Acquisition price	1,350 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.8%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	136 rooms, 136 people



	and the same
Name	Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien
Location	Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama
Operator	MEISHO
Appraisal value	2,180 million yen
Acquisition price	2,000 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.0%
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	97 rooms, 100 people



Name	Nichii Home Inage
Location	Chiba-shi, Chiba
Operator	Nichii Carepalace
Appraisal value	1,660 million yen
Acquisition price	1,508 million yen
Appraisal NOI yield	5.5 %
Number of rooms/Resident capacity	85 rooms, 95 people



Summary of Buildings and Their Leasing Status (as of the end of 15th FP)

Property	Property name	Structure/ No. of floors (Note 1)	Construction completion (Note 2)	leasable area (㎡) (Note 3)	Leased area (m) (Note 4)	No. of tenants (companies) (Note 5)	Operation al rate (%) (Note 6)
Paid nursing home-1	AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama	RC/5F	May 18, 2007	5,274.54	5,274.54	2	100.0
Paid nursing home-2	Bonsejour Chitose-funabashi	RC/B1 · 6F	Mar. 8, 1988	2,342.17	2,342.17	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-3	Bonsejour Hino	RC/3F	May 2, 1990	1,984.17	1,984.17	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-4	Bonsejour Musashi-shinjo	RC/4F	Feb. 21, 1985	1,710.43	1,710.43	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-5	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Hadanoshibusawa	RC/5F	Jul. 17, 1991	3,435.79	3,435.79	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-6	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Komaki	SRC · RC · S/10F	Mar. 13, 1991	8,858.49	8,858.49	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-7	ASHEIM Hikarigaoka	RC/3F	Mar. 6, 2006	3,628.60	3,628.60	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-8	ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan	RC/8F	Feb. 27, 2007	2,507.25	2,507.25	2	100.0
Paid nursing home-9	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Machidaonoji	RC/B1 ⋅ 6F	Oct. 29, 2007	7,720.17	7,720.17	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-10	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Azamino	RC/B1 · 5F	Mar. 1, 2004	5,789.25	5,789.25	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-11	SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan	RC/B1 · 6F	Oct. 31, 2005	5,652.94	5,652.94	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-12	SAWAYAKA Mekarikan	RC/4F	Nov. 15, 2005	4,720.46	4,720.46	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-13	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan	RC/3F	Jan. 20, 2006	2,366.20	2,366.20	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-14	GOOD TIME HOME Fudo-mae	RC/B1 ⋅ 5F	Mar. 18, 1992	3,400.20	3,400.20	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-15	Bonsejour Yotsugi	RC/5F	Mar. 28, 1989	1,962.89	1,962.89	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-16	Medical Home Bonsejour Itami	SRC/11F (exclusively- owned portion)	Mar. 3, 1989	2,129.87	2,129.87	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-17	Kobe Gakuentoshi Building (Hapine Kobe Gakuentoshi)	RC/B1 · 9F	Jan. 7, 2009	12,636.48	12,636.48	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-18	GreenLife Moriguchi	S·RC/9F	Sep. 6, 2006	8,356.85	8,356.85	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-19	Hapine Kobe Uozaki Nibankan	S/B1 • 4F	Mar. 31, 2010	1,772.89	1,772.89	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-20	Granda Tsuruma-Yamato	RC⋅S/5F	Mar. 6, 1998	3,427.08	3,427.08	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-21	Smiling Home Medice Adachi	RC/4F	Nov. 16, 2005	3,870.98	3,870.98	2	100.0
Paid nursing home-22	AIKOEN ICHIBANKAN Building	S/5F	Feb. 4, 2010	4,311.20	4,125.97	3	95.7
Paid nursing home-23	Hanakotoba Minami	RC/7F	Feb. 24, 2010	1,710.68	1,710.68	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-24	Hanakotoba Miura	RC/4F	Jun. 27, 2007	1,959.64	1,959.64	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-25	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki	RC/4F (exclusively-owned portion)	Mar. 8, 2007	4,060.21	4,060.21	5	100.0
Paid nursing home-26	Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama	RC/9F	Mar. 15, 2004	5,230.23	5,230.23	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-27	Hanakotoba Shin-Yokohama II	RC/B1 · 7F	Apr. 25, 2007	1,837.29	1,837.29	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-28	Hanakotoba Odawara	RC/4F	Sep. 16, 2009	2,203.42	2,203.42	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-29	Verde Minowa	①S/5F ②S · RC/8F	①Nov. 20, 2003 ②Feb. 28, 1974	11,098.17	11,098.17	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-30	Verde Hotaka	①S · SRC/5F ②S/2F	①Sep. 29, 1982 ②Jul. 1, 1989	6,352.86	6,352.86	1	100.0

Property number	Property name	Structure/ No. of floors (Note 1)	Construction completion (Note 2)	leasable area (m) (Note 3)	Leased area (m³) (Note 4)	No. of tenants (companies) (Note 5)	Operational rate (%) (Note 6)
Paid nursing home-31	Sunny Life Kita-Shinagawa	S/3F	Sep. 20, 2018	2,135.54	2,135.54	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-32	Sunny Life Kamakura	S/5F	Sep. 19, 2014	3,817.91	3,817.91	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-33	Nichii Home Nishikokubunji	S/3F	Sep. 29, 1990	1,559.99	1,559.99	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-34	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Kobe-ikawadani	RC · S/4F	Apr. 24, 2009	3,824.54	3,824.54	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-35	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama	S/3F	Aug. 15, 2005	1,997.87	1,997.87	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-36	Royal Kawaguchi	RC/3F	Oct. 1, 2008	3,484.02	3,484.02	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-37	NOAH GARDEN LEGEND	RC/4F	Oct. 10, 2015	2,736.89	2,736.89	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-38	NOAH GARDEN L Grace	RC/4F	Oct. 27, 2017	2,075.25	2,075.25	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-39	NOAH GARDEN Season Bell	RC/5F	Dec. 10, 2019	4,602.26	4,602.26	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-40	Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien	RC/6F	Jan. 30, 2006	3,885.90	3,885.90	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-41	Granda Minamiurawa	S/3F	Jul. 15, 2011	2,373.25	2.373.25	1	100.0
Paid nursing home-42	Madoka Minamiurawa	S/3F	Apr. 11, 2005	1,918.98	1,918.98	1	100.0
Serviced housing for the elderly -1	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Awajiekimae	RC/12F	Jun. 12, 2009	5,745.15	5,745.15	1	100.0
Serviced housing for the elderly -2	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Kobekamisawa	S/9F	Jun. 11, 2009	4,058.35	4,058.35	1	100.0
Serviced housing for the elderly -3	NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH	RC/5F	Mar. 27, 2015	4,986.98	4,986.98	1	100.0
Medical service-relate d facilities-1	Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital	①RC/3F ②S/5F	①Apr. 20, 1990 ②Feb. 28, 2001	13,476.55	13,476.55	1	100.0
Complex of paid nursing homes, medic al service related facilities, etc 1	SHIP Senri Building	RC/B1 · 11F	Sep. 5, 2008	24,813.85	24,813.85	1	100.0
	Total	_	_	219,804.68	219,619.45	56	99.9

- (Note 1) "Structure/No. of floors" indicates information provided in the real estate registry of the building of each owned asset. "S" refers to steel structure, "RC" refers to reinforced concrete structure, "SRC" refers to steel-reinforced concrete structure, "B" refers to basement floor and "F" refers to floors above ground.
- (Note 2) "Construction completion" indicates the date of new construction provided in the real estate registry of the building of each owned asset.
- (Note 3) "Leasable area" indicates figures based on the lease agreement of each building.
- (Note 4) "Leased area" indicatesthe areas out of the leasable area for which actual lease agreements have been concluded and are leased.
- (Note 5) "No. of tenants" indicates the number of tenants of each building based on the lease agreements. For the section of healthcare facilities in which the trustee of each owned asset and HCM conclude a lease agreement (master lease agreement) with an aim to have HCM sublease to the master lease company (section of paid nursing home with nursing care for Smiling Home Medice Adachi), the master lease company (operator) is counted as a tenant, and accordingly indicated as the number of tenants; while for the propertiessubject to pass-through master lease agreement where rentsfrom end tenants are received intact, in principle, the total number of end tenants indicated as the number of tenants. However, for the sections that are not subject to the lease agreement (master lease agreement) between the trustee and HCM, the number of lessees leasing a building from the trustee is counted as the number of tenants and indicated accordingly.
- (Note 6) "Occupancy rate" indicates the leased area as a percentage of the leasable area of each owned asset as of July 31, 2022, and is rounded to one decimal place.

Overview of Facilities and Housing for the Elderly (as of the end of 15th FP)

Property number	Property name	Type of facility	Operator	No. of rooms (rooms) (Note 1)	Capacity (persons) (Note 1)	No. of residents (persons) (Note 1)	Occupancy rate (%) (Note 2)	Preparation date of Property Disclosure Statement of Important Matters (Note 3)
Paid nursing home-1	AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama	Paid nursing home	GREEN LIFE Co.,Ltd.	90	100	99	99.0	July 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-2	Bonsejour Chitose- funabashi	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	42	47	37	78.7	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-3	Bonsejour Hino	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	56	58	50	86.2	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-4	Bonsejour Musashi-shinjo	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	46	49	45	91.8	June 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-5	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Hadanoshibusawa	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	100	101	88	87.1	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-6	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Komaki	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	124	165	130	78.8	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-7	ASHEIM Hikarigaoka	Paid nursing home	AS PARTNERS Co., Ltd	83	89	81	91.0	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-8	ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan	Paid nursing home	AS PARTNERS Co., Ltd	50	52	43	82.7	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-9	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Machidaonoji	Paid nursing home	Sompo Care Inc.	163	169	114	67.5	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-10	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Azamino	Paid nursing home	Sompo Care Inc.	145	145	144	99.3	June 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-11	SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan	Paid nursing home	Sawayaka Club Co., Ltd.	104	104	99	95.2	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-12	SAWAYAKA Mekarikan	Paid nursing home	Sawayaka Club Co., Ltd.	95	95	77	81.1	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-13	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan	Paid nursing home	Sawayaka Club Co., Ltd.	60	60	58	96.7	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-14	GOOD TIME HOME Fudo-mae	Paid nursing home	JAPAN LIFEDESIGN Inc.	61	67	58	86.6	October 1, 2021
Paid nursing home-15	Bonsejour Yotsugi	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	61	65	53	81.5	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-16	Medical Home Bonsejour Itami	Residential type paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	62	64	53	82.8	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-17	Kobe Gakuentoshi Building (Hapine Kobe Gakuentoshi)	Paid nursing home	GREEN LIFE Co.,Ltd.	131	138	128	92.8	July 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-18	GreenLife Moriguchi	Paid nursing home	GREEN LIFE Co.,Ltd.	155	189	189	100.0	August 12, 2022
Paid nursing home-19	Hapine Kobe Uozaki Nibankan	Paid nursing home	GREEN LIFE Co.,Ltd.	47	47	45	95.7	August 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-20	Granda Tsuruma- Yamato	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	73	90	69	76.7	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-21	Smiling Home Medice Adachi	Paid nursing home	GREEN LIFE HIGASHI NIHON Co., Ltd.	82	82	77	93.9	June 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-22	AIKOEN ICHIBANKAN Building	Paid nursing home	Medical Corporation AIKOKAI	90	90	82	91.1	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-23	Hanakotoba Minami	Paid nursing home	Proud Life Inc.	51	51	46	90.2	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-24	Hanakotoba Miura	Paid nursing home	Proud Life Inc.	53	54	46	85.2	May 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-25	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki	Paid nursing home	Sompo Care Inc.	58	58	52	89.7	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-26	Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama	Paid nursing home	Proud Life Inc.	136	136	118	86.8	April 1, 2022

Property number	Property name	Type of facility	Operator	No. of rooms (rooms) (Note 1)	Capacity (persons) (Note 1)	No. of residents (persons) (Note 1)	Occupancy rate (%) (Note 2)	Preparation date of Property Disclosure Statement of Important Matters (Note 3)
Paid nursing home-27	Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama II	Paid nursing home	Proud Life Inc.	29	30	29	96.7	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-28	Hanakotoba Odawara	Paid nursing home	Proud Life Inc.	60	65	63	96.9	November 1, 2021
Paid nursing home-29	Verde Minowa	Paid nursing home	Verde Corporation	174	206	193	93.7	March 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-30	Verde Hotaka	Paid nursing home	Verde Corporation	121	174	172	98.9	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-31	Sunny Life Kita- Shinagawa	Paid nursing home	Kawashima Corporation	66	66	59	89.4	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-32	Sunny Life Kamakura	Residential type paid nursing home	Kawashima Corporation	128	128	114	89.1	July 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-33	Nichii Home Nishikokubunji	Paid nursing home	Nichii Carepalace Company	46	46	43	93.5	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-34	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Kobe-ikawadani	Paid nursing home	Sompo Care Inc.	80	80	67	83.8	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-35	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama	Paid nursing home	Sompo Care Inc.	50	50	46	92.0	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-36	Royal Kawaguchi	Paid nursing home	SENIOR LIFE SUPPORT Co.,Ltd	56	56	49	87.5	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-37	NOAH GARDEN LEGEND	Residential type paid nursing home	Noah Konzer Co.,Ltd.	72	72	59	81.9	September 21, 2021
Paid nursing home-38	NOAH GARDEN L Grace	Residential type paid nursing home	Noah Konzer Co.,Ltd.	51	51	47	92.2	September 21, 2021
Paid nursing home-39	NOAH GARDEN Season Bell	Residential type paid nursing home	Noah Konzer Co.,Ltd.	136	136	90	66.2	September 21, 2021
Paid nursing home-40	Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien	Paid nursing home	Meisho Co., Ltd.	97	100	100	100.0	June 15, 2022
Paid nursing home-41	Granda Minamiurawa	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	58	60	54	90.0	April 1, 2022
Paid nursing home-42	Madoka Minamiurawa	Paid nursing home	Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	54	54	47	87.0	April 1, 2022
Serviced housing for the elderly -1	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Awajiekimae	Serviced housing for the elderly	Sompo Care Inc.	137	137	116	84.7	April 1, 2022
Serviced housing for the elderly -2	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Kobekamisawa	Serviced housing for the elderly	Sompo Care Inc.	85	85	74	87.1	April 1, 2022
Serviced housing for the elderly -3	NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH	Serviced housing for the elderly	Noah Konzer Co.,Ltd.	115	115	98	85.2	September 21, 2021
Complex of paid nursing homes, medi cal service related facilities, etc. -1	SHIP Senri Building (Note 4)	Hospital, paid nursing home with nursing home	GREEN LIFE Co.,Ltd.	181	200	200	100.0	July 1, 2022
	Total	-	-	4,014	4,276	3,801	88.9	-

(Note 1) "No. of rooms," "Capacity" and "No. of residents" indicate figures based on figures stated in Property Disclosure Statement of Important Matters (hereinafter the "Property Disclosure Statement of Important Matters") of paid nursing homes provided by the

(Note 2) "Occupancy rate" indicates the occupancy rate obtained by dividing the number of residents by capacity, rounded to one decimal place.

(Note 3) "Preparation date of Property Disclosure Statement of Important Matters" indicatesthe date of application, reference date or preparation date stated on the document.

(Note 4) SHIP Senri Building is a property with a hospital and paid nursing home, and the above table provides an overview of the facilities related to its paid nursing home.

Overview of Medical Service-Related Facilities (as of the end of 15th FP)

Property number	Me	dical service-related	facilities-1							
Property name	Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital									
Operator	Medical Corporation AIKOKAI	June 1990 (established as Oyama Hospital, the precursor								
Type of facility	Hospital	Authorized number of beds	168 beds (general beds: 108 beds/convalescent- stage beds: 60 beds)							
medical	Rehabilitation, orthopedic surgery, internal medicine, neurology, dental & dental and oral surgery	Facility certification	Training facilities certified by the Japanese Association of Rehabilitation Medicine							
(Hospitalization	2nd floor (48 beds) Hospitalization fee of 3rd floor (60 beds) Basic hospitalization Medical management fee for compreher 4th floor (60 beds) Hospitalization fee of	fee for general hosp nsive community car	pital ward (acute hospitalization fee 4) re 1							
	Hospital certified by Japan Council for Quality Health Care (Certification number: JC1424-3) 3rdG:Ver.1.1 Added function Rehabilitation function (Certification number: JC1424-R2) Ver.3.0									
Property	C	ina hamaa madiaal (now does related facilities ato 1							

Property number	Complex of paid nurs	ing homes,medica	al service related facilities,etc1
Property name	SHIP Senri	i Building (Senri-C	huo Hospital) (Note)
Operator	Medical Corporation Kyowakai	Date of establishment	October 2008
Type of facility	Hospital	Authorized numb of beds	er 400 beds (400 general beds)
Subject of medical treatment	Rehabilitation, orthopedics, neurosurgery,surgery,internal medicine and neurology	Facility certification	Training facilities certified by the Japanese Association of Rehabilitation Medicine
Facility criteria (Hospitalizatio n fee)	West 6th floor (25 beds) Palliative care I ward hospitalization fee 2 West 5th floor (50 beds) Facilities for thetc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee West 4th floor (50 beds) Facilities for thetc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee West 3rd floor (50 beds) Facilities for thetc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee West 2nd floor (50 beds) Recovery phase rehabilitation ward hospitalization fee 1	e disabled, E e disabled, E e disabled, E e disabled, E	East 6th floor (25 beds) Facilities for the disabled, etc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee East 5th floor (50 beds) Facilities for the disabled, etc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee East 4th floor (50 beds) Facilities for the disabled, etc. 2 10:1 Basic hospitalization fee East 3rd floor (50 beds) Recovery phase ehabilitation ward hospitalization fee 1
External	Hospital certified by Japan Council for Q	uality Health Care	(Certification number: JC2382) 3rdG:Ver.2.0

(Note) SHIP Senri Building is a property with a hospital and paid nursing home, and the above table provides an overview of the facilities related to its hospital.

Earnings Performance (as of the end of 15th FP)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

			,	Cumont	ficant navia	d /fram [Sabarram (1	2022 +	a 1b. 21		thousand	s of yen)
		Operating	g revenue f		fiscal perio		g expense					
	Property name	es	Rent revenue	Other		Property tax	Outsourc ing expenses	Repair	Insuranc	_	Other, net	NOI (Note 3)
1	AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama Bonsejour Chitose-				24,765	4,249				17,310	400	59,888
	funabashi				5,607	1,813	225	-	119	3,048	401	21,366
	Bonsejour Hino				5,078	1,247	214	-	85	3,130	400	19,496
	Bonsejour Musashi- shinjo				4,126	1,031	167	-	80	2,447	400	16,138
	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Hadanoshibusawa				8,399	1,813	213	-	154	5,817	400	21,097
	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Komaki ASHEIM				14,137	4,553	201	-	355	8,627	400	39,542
	Hikarigaoka				16,645	3,868	381	522	212	11,260	400	40,364
	ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan				12,530	2,572	381	250	129	8,795	400	38,453
	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Machidaonoji				48,621	5,945	780	1,959	392	39,144	400	95,522
	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Azamino				34,224	4,705	780	3,512	285	24,540	400	75,520
	SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan				26,620	2,669	1,200	_	370	21,980	400	47,213
	SAWAYAKA Mekarikan	N	ot disclose	d	26,486	2,984	1,200	-	273	21,628	400	43,375
	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan		(Note 2)		8,487	1,108	1,200	-	119	5,659	400	12,856
	GOOD TIME HOME Fudo-mae				15,164	3,061	600	190	182	10,730	400	46,566
	Bonsejour Yotsugi				4,934	950	223	-	73	3,286	400	20,660
	Medical Home Bonsejour Itami				6,533	1,390	371	-	111	4,260	400	13,949
	Kobe Gakuentoshi Building (Hapine Kobe Gakuentoshi)				52,509	9,568	900	303	579	40,758	400	114,648
	GreenLife Moriguchi				39,791	6,999	1,363	3,220	379	27,428	400	107,636
	Hapine Kobe Uozaki Nibankan				9,684	1,393	1,200	122	90	6,478	400	24,294
	Granda Tsuruma- Yamato				7,262	1,934	618	_	152	4,158	400	27,144
	Smiling Home Medice Adachi AIKOEN				20,140	3,327	540	4,191	177	11,503	400	56,571
	ICHIBANKAN Building				8,477	2,552	780	-	112	4,632	400	20,564
	Hanakotoba Minami				9,495	1,543	600	1,711	79	5,161	400	26,265
	Hanakotoba Miura				9,902	1,555	600	998	88	6,260	400	16,766
	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama-Kawasaki				18,846	3,463	2,770	113	206	11,891	400	45,396

Earnings Performance (as of the end of 15th FP)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

Current fiscal period (from February 1, 2022, to July 31, 2022) Operating revenue from real Operating supposes from real options												
Property name		ig revenue f state leasin				٠,	es from r	eal estate	leasing		NO I	Ì
Property flame		Rent revenue	Other revenue		Property tax	Outsourc ing expenses	Repair expenses	Insuranc e expenses	Deprecia tion	Other, net	NOI (Note 3)	
Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama				17,431	4,413	900	2,926	249	8,543	400	53,024	
Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama II					2,521	600	-	92	2,061	400	11,198	
Hanakotoba Odawara				9,260	1,393	600	787	99	5,981	400	24,320	
Verde Minowa				26,964	5,242	1,020	260	508	19,533	400	56,477	
Verde Hotaka				26,616	2,211	1,020	1,625	249	21,110	400	44,600	
Sunny Life Kita- Shinagawa				10,185	2,798	600	-	119	6,265	401	45,580	
Sunny Life Kamakura				12,719	2,769	720	-	179	8,650	400	38,830	
Nichii Home Nishikokubunji				4,029	1,220	660	25	92	1,631	400	18,743	
SOMPO CARE La vie Re Kobe- ikawadani				10,240	-	750	681	191	8,218	400	35,184	
SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama				3,951	-	750	-	104	2,700	396	17,658	
Royal Kawaguchi				8,413	_	1,647	1,097	182	5,087	399	33,874	
NOAH GARDEN LEGEND	Ν	Not disclose	d	8,211	_	300	-	130	7,615	165	26,403	
NOAH GARDEN L Grace		(Note 2)		6,025	-	300	-	102	5,458	165	19,454	
NOAH GARDEN Season Bell				10,107	-	487		141	9,206	271	29,325	
Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien				10,086	-	487	-	148	9,177	271	36,607	
Granda Minamiurawa				4,577	-	325	-	89	4,026	135	18,462	
Madoka Minamiurawa SOMPO CARE				3,175	-	325	60	71	2,582	135	14,546	
Sompo no ie S Awajiekimae				28,052	4,903	510	710	298	21,230	400	57,635	
SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Kobekamisawa				16,897	2,912	510	-	183	12,892	400	36,284	
NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH				14,748	-	300	-	238	14,044	165	50,074	
Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital				27,754	9,656	1,030	112	387	16,068	500	78,193	
SHIP Senri Building				80,488	27,640	1,500	-	1,183	49,764	400	341,078	
Total	2,371,156	2,360,228	10,928	784,089	143,989	34,956	25,845	10,093	551,793	17,410	2,138,860	

(Note 1) All figures indicated are rounded down to the nearest thousand yen.

(Note 2) "Real estate lease business revenue," "rent revenue" and "other revenue" of each property are not disclosed as consent for disclosure has not been obtained from tenants. The total is the sum of amounts received as rent for the current fiscal period based on the lease agreements.

(Note 3) "NOI" = Real estate lease business revenue – real estate lease business expenses + depreciation and amortization

Summary of Appraisal Report (as of the end of 15th FP)

				S	ummarv	of Apprais	sal Renor	t (Note 1)	
Property	Property name	Appraisal	Appraisal value	Dire capitali met	ect zation hod	D	CF metho	od	Appraisa I NOI	Appraisa I NOI
number	Troperty name	company	(millions of yen)	Indicated value (millions of yen)	Capitaliz ation rate (%)	/millione	Discount rate (%) (Note 2)	Terminal capitaliza tion rate (%)		yield (%) (Note 4)
Paid nursing home-1	AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama	Rich Appraisal Institute Co.,Ltd.	2,100	2,110	5.2	2,090	4.9	5.4	117	6.0
Paid nursing home-2	Bonsejour Chitose-funabashi	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	997	1,020	4.3	987	4.4	4.5	48	5.9
Paid nursing home-3	Bonsejour Hino	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	818	832	4.8	812	4.9	5.0	43	6.0
Paid nursing home-4	Bonsejour Musashi-shinjo	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	643	653	5.1	638	5.2	5.3	39	6.8
Paid nursing home-5	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Hadanoshibusawa	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	850	864	5.0	844	5.1	5.2	47	6.5
Paid nursing home-6	Medical Rehabilitation Home Bonsejour Hadanoshibusawa	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,450	1,460	5.5	1,440	5.6	5.7	92	7.3
Paid nursing home-7	ASHEIM Hikarigaoka	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,560	1,560	4.6	1,550	4.4	4.7	76	5.5
Paid nursing home-8	ASHEIM Bunkyohakusan	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,750	1,760	4.2	1,740	4.0	4.3	74	5.2
Paid nursing home-9	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Machidaonoji	Japan Real Estate Institute	4,050	4,070	4.6	4,020	4.4	4.7	193	5.3
Paid nursing home-10	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Azamino	Japan Real Estate Institute	3,400	3,420	4.4	3,370	4.2	4.5	156	5.1
Paid nursing home-11	SAWAYAKA Tachibanakan	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,580	1,590	5.4	1,560	5.2	5.6	93	6.1
Paid nursing home-12 Paid	SAWAYAKA Mekarikan	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,450	1,460	5.5	1,430	5.3	5.7	85	6.2
nursing home-13 Paid	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan	Japan Real Estate Institute	391	394	5.6	387	5.4	5.8	25	6.4
nursing home-14	GOOD TIME HOME Fudo-mae	Japan Real Estate Institute The Tanizawa	2,050	2,070	4.2	2,030	4.0	4.3	91	5.2
Paid nursing home-15	Bonsejour Yotsug	Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	886	902	4.7	879	4.8	4.9	47	5.7
Paid nursing home-16	Medical Home Bonsejour Itami	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	557	566	5.1	553	5.2	5.3	38	7.5
Paid nursing home-17	Kobe Gakuentoshi Building	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	4,540	4,600	4.6	4,520	4.4	4.8	227	5.2
Paid nursing home-18	GreenLife Moriguchi	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	4,500	4,560	4.5	4,470	4.3	4.7	220	5.3

Summary of Appraisal Report (as of the end of 15th FP)

						of Apprais	sal Repoi	t (Note 1)	
Property		Appraisal	Appraisal value	Dire capitali met	zation	D	CF metho		Apprais al	Apprais al NOI
number	Property name	company		Indicated value (millions of yen)	Capitaliz ation rate (%)	value (millions	Discoun t rate (%) (Note 2)	Terminal capitaliza tion rate (%)		yield (%)
Paid nursing home-19	Hapine Kobe Uozaki Nibankan	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.		1,010	4.6	988	4.4	4.8	48	5.2
Paid nursing home-20	Granda Tsuruma- Yamato	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,060	1,070	4.7	1,050	4.8	4.9	53	5.3
Paid nursing home-21	Smiling Home Medice Adachi	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	2,500	2,540	4.6	2,480	4.7	4.8	120	5.3
Paid nursing home-22	AIKOEN ICHIBANKAN Building	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	860	864	5.2	858	5.3	5.4	45	5.8
Paid nursing home-23	Hanakotoba Minami	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,240	1,250	4.4	1,230	4.2	4.5	56	5.2
Paid nursing home-24	Hanakotoba Miura	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	668	676	4.8	664	4.9	5.0	35	5.6
Paid nursing home-25	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Hama- Kawasaki	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	1,810	1,840	4.6	1,780	4.4	4.8	89	5.2
Paid nursing home-26	Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama	Japan Real Estate Institute	2,400	2,420	4.2	2,380	4.0	4.3	109	5.2
Paid nursing home-27	Hanakotoba Shin- Yokohama II	Japan Real Estate Institute	383	385	5.0	380	4.8	5.2	21	5.8
Paid nursing Home -28	Hanakotoba Odawara	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co. Ltd.	946	959	4.9	940	4.8~5.0	5.1	49	5.6
Paid nursing Home -29	Verde Minowa	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,700	1,710	5.0	1,690	4.8	5.2	109	6.7
Paid nursing Home -30	Verde Hotaka	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,430	1,440	5.4	1,420	5.2	5.6	91	6.9
Paid nursing Home -31	Sunny Life Kita- Shinagawa	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	2,040	2,070	4.3	2,020	4.1	4.5	90	4.9
Paid nursing Home -32	Sunny Life Kamakura	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co. Ltd.	1,620	1,640	4.4	1,610	4.5	4.6	76	5.3
Paid nursing Home -33	Nichii Home Nishikokubunji	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	760	772	4.3	755	4.1	4.5	36	5.0
Paid nursing Home -34	SOMPO CARE La vie Re Kobe-ikawadani	Rich Appraisal Institute Co.,Ltd.	1,300	1,320	4.3	1,290	4.1	4.5	63	4.9
Paid nursing Home -35	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie Sayama	Rich Appraisal Institute Co.,Ltd.	647	656	4.7	643	4.5	4.9	32	5.4
Paid nursing Home -36	Royal Kawaguchi	Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,310	1,320	4.3	1,300	4.1	4.5	62	4.9
Paid nursing Home -37	NOAH GARDEN LEGEND	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co. Ltd.	910	920	5.1	910	5.2	5.3	48	5.6
Paid nursing Home -38	NOAH GARDEN L Grace	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co. Ltd.	660	660	5.1	660	5.2	5.3	35	5.6
Paid nursing home-39	NOAH GARDEN Season Bell	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co. Ltd.	1,520	1,530	5.0	1,520	5.1	5.2	78	5.8

						of Apprais	sal Repor	t (Note 1		
Property	Property name	Appraisal	Appraisal value	method			CF metho	oa	Appraisa NOT	Appraisa I NOI
number	Property Hame	company	(millions of yen)	/millione	Capitaliz ation rate (%)	Indicated value (millions of yen)	Discount rate (%) (Note 2)	Terminal capitaliza tion rate (%)	(millione	yield (%) (Note 4)
Paid nursing Home -40	Heartland Kawaguchi Meiseien	Japan Real Estate Institute	2,180	2,190	4.3	2,160	4.1	4.4	100	5.0
Paid nursing Home -41	Granda Minamiurawa	Rich Appraisal Institute Co.,Ltd.	1,100	1,110	4.1	1,090	3.9	4.2	49	4.8
Paid nursing Home -42	Madoka Minamiurawa	Rich Appraisal Institute Co.,Ltd.	883	893	4.1	879	3.9	4.2	39	4.8
Serviced housing for the elderly-1	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Awajiekimae	Japan Real Estate Institute	2,250	2,270	5.0	2,230	4.8	5.2	116	6.0
Serviced housing for the elderly-2	SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Kobekamisawa	Japan Real Estate Institute	1,390	1,400	5.0	1,370	4.8	5.2	72	6.0
Serviced housing for the elderly -3	NOAH GARDEN CASA RICH	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	1,730	1,740	5.1	1,720	5.2	5.3	91	5.6
Medical service- related facilities-1	Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital	Japan Real Estate Institute	2,300	2,310	6.5	2,290	6.3	6.7	153	7.4
Complex of paid nursing homes,me dical service related facilities,et c1	SHIP Senri Building	The Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Co., Ltd.	14,200	14,400	4.5	14,100	4.5~4.6	4.7	679	5.2
	Total		86,364	87,256	_	85,727	_		4,378	5.5

(Note 1) "Appraisal value" is based on the appraisal report with July 31, 2022, as the appraisal date.

(Note 2) "Discount rate" represents a yield used to discount net cash flow during an analysis period and terminal value at the end of an analysis period back to present value, and figures used by respective appraisal organizations are shown. For Hanakotoba Odawara, 4.8% for the first fiscal year and 5.0% from the second fiscal year, and for SHIP Senri Building, 4.5% for the first and second fiscal years and 4.6% from the third fiscal year.

(Note 3) "Appraisal NOI" indicates net operating income obtained by direct capitalization method stated in the real estate appraisal report with July 31, 2022, as the appraisal date and is rounded down to the nearest million yen. In addition, NOI is revenue before deducting depreciation and differs from NCF (net cash flow), which is the amount calculated by adding the gain on investment from security deposits,

etc. to NOI and deducting capital expenditures. The same shall apply hereinafter in this document.

(Note 4) "Appraisal NOI yield" is calculated by the formula below and rounded down to one decimal place. In the column of total appraisal NOI yield, the average appraisal NOI yield, which is calculated by dividing the total appraisal NOI of the respective real estate in trust by the total acquisition price, is shown (rounded down to the first decimal place). Appraisal NOI yield = Appraisal NOI of the respective real estate in trust / Acquisition price of the respective real estate in trust

Capital Expenditures of Assets Under Management (as of the end of 15th FP)

• 14th FP (Ending January 2022) Actual

Name of real estate (Location)	Purpose	Period	Construction costs (thousands of yen)
SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Awajiekimae (Osaka-shi, Osaka)	Renovation of exterior walls	From: October 2021 To: January 2022	30,920
SOMPO CARE Sompo no ie S Kobekamisawa (Kobe-shi, Hyogo)	Renovation of exterior walls	From: November 2021 To: January 2022	23,617
AQUAMARINE Nishinomiyahama (Nishinomiya-shi, Hyogo)	Renewal of 66 air conditioner units in rooms	From: November 2021 To: January 2022	8,217
SAWAYAKA Mekarikan (Kitakyushu-shi, Fukuoka)	Renewal of air conditioners in common areas on floors 1-3	From: November 2021 To: November 2021	6,566
Other real estate, etc.	-	-	59,138
	128,460		

• 15th FP (Ending July 2022) Actual

Name of real estate (Location)	Purpose	Period	Construction costs (thousands of yen)	
GreenLife Moriguchi (Moriguchi-shi, Osaka)	Renewal of flooring materials for corridors on floors 3-8	From: April 2022 To: May 2022	15,048	
Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital (Niigata-shi, Niigata)	Renovation of exterior walls of machine room and storage room for hazardous materials	From: March 2022 To: June 2022	14,800	
GreenLife Moriguchi (Moriguchi-shi, Osaka)	Renewal of 74 air conditioner units in rooms for floors 5-8 From: December 2021 To: March 2022		13,310	
Other real estate			68,027	
	111,185			

• 16th FP (Ending January 2023) Plan

Nan	Name of real estate (Location)	Purpose	Period	Estimated construction costs (thousands of yen)		
	Name of real estate (Location)		Period	Total Amount	Payment during period	Total amount already paid
	Niigata Rehabilitation Hospital (Niigata-shi, Niigata)	Rooftop waterproofing and renovation of exterior walls of south building	From: October 2022 To: December 2022	50,250	-	-
	ASHEIM Hikarigaoka (Nerima-ku, Tokyo)	Renewal of air conditioners in common areas	From: November 2022 To: December 2022	21,000	-	-
	GreenLife Moriguchi (Moriguchi-shi, Osaka)		From: September 2022 To: January 2023	20,000	-	-
	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan (Tagawa-shi, Fukuoka)	Rooftop waterproofing	From: November 2022 To: December 2022	7,000	-	-
	SAWAYAKA Tagawakan (Tagawa-shi, Fukuoka)	Renewal of bathroom tile	From: November 2022 To: December 2022	4,000	-	-

Company Profile of Operators (as of the end of 15th FP)

Company Profile of Operators (as of the end of 15th FP)								
Operator name	Headquarters location	Representative	Founded	Capital stock or total assets (millions of yen)	Attribute			
GREEN LIFE Co., Ltd.	3-20-8 Kasuga, Suitashi, Osaka	Representative Director Nobuyuki Tamai	May 1994	50	Consolidated subsidiary of Ship Healthcare Holdings Inc. which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
GREEN LIFE HIGASHI NIHON Co., Ltd.	1-4-16, Yaesu, Chuoku, Tokyo	Representative Director Nobuyuki Tamai	July 2003	50	Consolidated subsidiary of Ship Healthcare Holdings Inc. which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
Sompo Care Inc.	4-12-8 HigashiShinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Representative Director Ken Endo	May 1997	3,925	Consolidated subsidiary of Sompo Holdings, Inc., which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
Kyowakai Medical Corporation	16-5, Chuocho, Kawanishi-shi, Hyogo	Director Toru Kitagawa	August 1982	6,110	-			
Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	2-3-1, Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Representative Director Shinya Takiyama	September 1995	100	Consolidated subsidiary of Benesse Holdings, Inc., which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
Proud Life Inc.	1-2-4,Isago, Kawasaki- ku,Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa	Representative Director Hiroshi Sonoda	July 2006	3	Consolidated subsidiary of Sony Group Corporation, which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
Sawayaka Club Co.,Ltd.	2-10-10 Kumamoto, Kokurakita- ku,Kitakyushu-shi, Fukuoka	Representative Director Fumiharu Uchiyama	December 2004	100	Consolidated subsidiary of UCHIYAMA HOLDINGS Co., Ltd., which is listed on the TSE Standard Market			
Kawashima Corporation	248-2, Higashiinohara Kimitsu-shi, Chiba	Representative Director Teruo Kawashima	September 1990	50	Unlisted company			
Verde Corporation	839-4, Kamishiba, Misatomachi, Takasakishi, Gunma	Representative Director Tomoyuki Higuchi	June 1970	30	Unlisted company			
Medical Corporation AIKOKAI	761 Kizaki, Kita-ku, Niigata-shi, Niigata	Director Hiromu Ikeda	November 1993	344	A medical corporation which belongs to NSG Group with sales of over 100 billion yen (Note 2)			
AS PARTNERS Co.,Ltd.	2-2, Kanda surugadai, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Representative Director Takeshi Uemura	November 2004	122	Unlisted company			
JAPAN LIFEDESIGN Inc.	1-7-1, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Representative Director Shosetsu Ito	April 2004	340	Unlisted company Capital partnership with Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc.			
Nichii Carepalace Company	2-9, Kandasurugadai, Chiyoda-ku,Tokyo	Representative Director Yukio Akiyama	June 1964	80	Unlisted company Consolidated subsidiary of NICHIIGAKKAN CO., LTD.			
SENIOR LIFE SUPPORT Co.,Ltd	2-5-24, Aoki, Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama	Representative Director Akinori Fujimoto	November 2006	30	Affiliated company of ZENSHO HOLDINGS Co.,Ltd., which is listed on the TSE Prime Market			
NOAH KONZER Co.,Ltd	14-1-32, Nanajou, Hiragishi, Toyohira-ku Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido	Akihiro Wakatsuki	February 1979	100	Unlisted company			
Meisho Co., Ltd.	4-3-5, Hokima, Adachi-ku,Tokyo	Representative Director Chiyoshi Fujita	August 1998	10	Unlisted company			

(Note 1) "Headquarters location," "Representative," "Founded" and "Capital stock or total assets" are based on the information in the registry as of July 1, 2022. Only one person is described in the "Representative," "Capital stock or total assets" is rounded off to the nearest million yen.

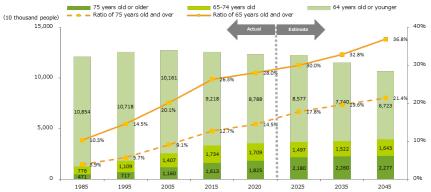
(Note 2) Indicates the actual figures in September 2021 based on NSG Group's website.

Various Issues Derived from Declining Birthrate and Aging Population

Progress in Population Decline and Aging

Japan's population of elderly people aged 65 or older is estimated to be 36 million and 27 thousand (as of September 15,2022), representing 29.1% of the total population, which makes it the most aged society in the world. Due to the population aged 65 or older growing while the total population is decreasing and the birthrate declining, the aging rate will continue to increase, with the National Institute of Population and Social Security Research's "Population Projection for Japan (2017 Projection)" estimating that it will reach 33.3% in 2036, resulting in a society where one in three citizens are aged 65 years or older. As the proportion of people aged 75 or older in particular continues to rise, the caregiver labor shortage caused by the declining birthrate and the increase in care needs due to the aging of society are starting to have a major impact on the medical and care industries.

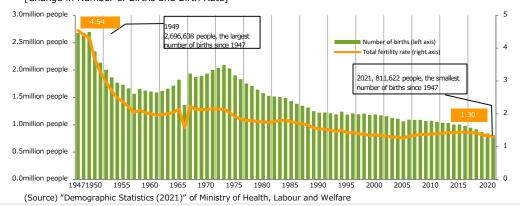
[Outlook for Change in Total Population and Aging Rate]



(Source) Created by HAM based on the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications Statistics Bureau 2020 Census and the National Institute of Population and Social Security Research's "Population Projection for Japan (2017 Projection)" (Source) Website of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications Statistics Bureau, Statistics Topics No. 132,

"A Statistical View of Japan's Elderly Population: On the Occasion of Respect-for-the-Aged Day"

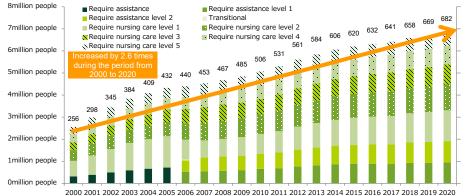
[Change in Number of Births and Birth Rate]



Growing Demand for Nursing Care Services and Change in Medical Services

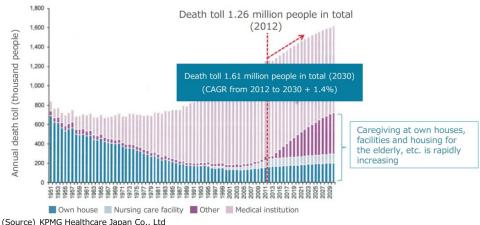
With the aging of the population, it is forecast that the number of people eligible to receive nursing care will continue to increase and that it will become more difficult than ever to take care of members in the same household due to the declining birthrate and change in family structure. In order to respond to the increasing needs for nursing care, it is necessary to secure caregivers and promote the supply of healthcare facilities. It is expected that the number of deaths due to aging will increase and the number of people who spend their final days at homes and facilities for the elderly other than medical institutions will increase rapidly. In the future, the role of facilities for the elderly, etc. by caregivers will be emphasized, and cooperation between medical services (in-home medical care) at homes and facilities for the elderly by medical institutions and institutions related to medical service and nursing care will be required.

[Change in the Number of People Eligible to Receive Nursing Care by Degree of Nursing Care Required]



(Source) "Nursing Care Insurance Business Status Report" of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Annual Death Toll and Place of Death



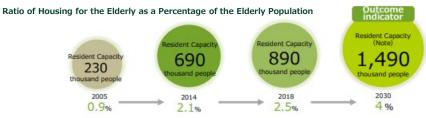
(Source) KPMG Healthcare Japan Co., Ltd

(Note) CAGR (compound average growth rate) is the annual average growth rate obtained using the geometric mean per year based on the growth rate over multiple years.

Various Issues Derived from Declining Birthrate and Aging Population

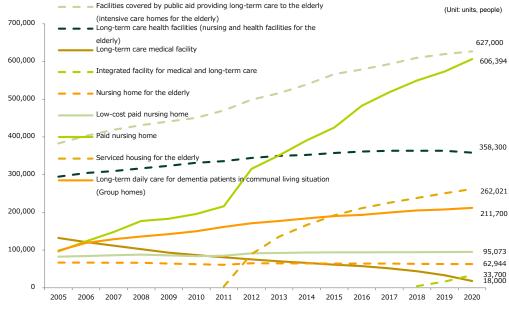
Healthcare Facilities Requiring the Promotion of Supply

In the Basic Housing Policy (National Plan) approved by the Cabinet on March 19, 2021, the goal is to form and develop communities where diverse generations support each other and the elderly can live in good health and peace of mind, and a target was set to raise the ratio of senior housing to the senior population from 2.5% in 2018 to 4% by 2030.



(Note) Resident capacity is estimated based on the outcome indicator for the ratio of housing for the elderly as a percentage of the elderly population. In the plan, Housing for elderly means paid nursing home, serviced housing for the elderly, group homes and Geriatric health services facilities.

[Capacity and Number of Users of Facilities and Housing for the Elderly]



(Source) Prepared by the Asset Management Company based on the "Statistics on the Actual Status of Nursing Care Benefits, etc." and "Survey on Social Welfare Facilities, etc." of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, "Information Provision System of serviced housing for the elderly " on the website of the Senior Housing Association.

(Note) The number of users is shown for facilities covered by public aid providing long-term care to the elderly, Long-term care health facilities, long-term care medical facility and long-term daily care for dementia patients in communal living situation (Group homes).

(Reference) Environmental Improvement for Upgrading and Expanding Healthcare Facilities

In the "Japan Revitalization Strategy-JAPAN is BACK-" dated June 14, 2013, the government announced its policy to "enact a guideline concerning acquisition and management of housing for the elderly, etc. for the utilization of healthcare REITs with an aim to utilize private fund" as part of urban development to enable the elderly, etc. to walk and live safely. Following this policy, the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism enacted the "Guideline related to the utilization of healthcare REITs targeting housing for the elderly, etc." on June 27, 2014, and the "Guideline related to REITs targeting hospital real estate" on June 26, 2015, and guidelines for utilizing healthcare REITs were established. As a measure to spread healthcare REITs, seminars targeting related business operators jointly held by the Financial Services Agency, the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, the Tokyo Stock Exchange, and the Association For Real Estate Securitization have been held several times a year, and efforts by the public and private sectors are being made.



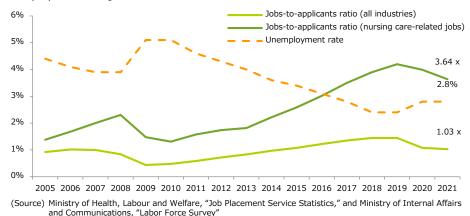
Various Issues in Nursing Care

Personnel Shortage in the Nursing Care Industry

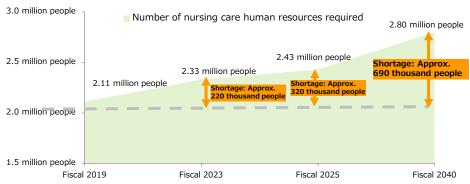
In fiscal 2021, the jobs-to-applicants ratio for nursing care-related occupations was 3.64 times, which is higher than that for all occupations.

Based on information such as the projected volume of nursing care services in the 8th Nursing Care Insurance Business Plan, the number of required nursing care personnel, as estimated by prefectural governments, will be shortage of approximately 690 thousand in fiscal 2040.

[Jobs-to-Applicants Ratio (All Industries and Nursing Care-Related Occupations) and Unemployment Rate]



[Needs for Nursing Care Human Resources Towards 2040]



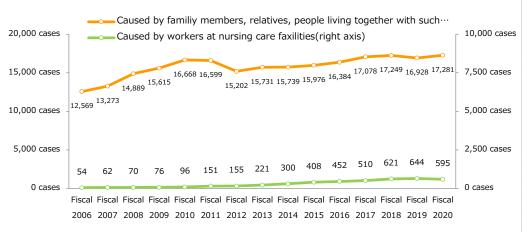
(Source) Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, "Number of Nursing Care Personnel Required Based on 8th Nursing Care Insurance Business Plan – Appendix 1"

Abuse of the Elderly in Nursing Care

Abuse of the elderly in nursing care is also a major issue. There are various reasons for abuse, but there are many cases in which abuse is caused by the heavy burden of nursing care, and there is a need to expand nursing care services responding to the need to reduce the burden of caregivers.

In addition, although the number of cases of abuse in nursing care facilities smaller than that of abuse by families, there are certain number of abuse in nursing care facilities, nursing care business operators are taking actions toward workers at nursing care facilities including improvement of the knowledge on abuse and holding trainings and preparing manuals with an aim to prevent abuse and inappropriate care.

[Change in the Number of Cases of Elderly Abuse]



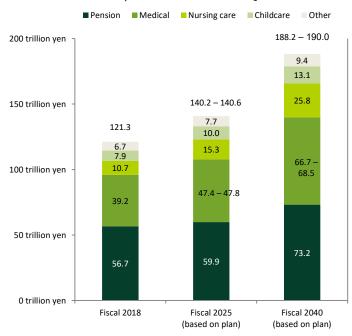
(Source) "Survey Results on the Status of Response Based on the "Act on the Prevention of Elder Abuse, Support for Caregivers of Elderly Persons and Other Related Matters" in Fiscal 2019" of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Actions by the Government and Local Governments

Further Increase in Social Security Benefits (Medical and Nursing Care)

With the progress in aging population and declining birthrate, social security benefits in Japan are forecast to increase significantly, which is a major issue.

[Future Outlook for Social Security Benefits Towards 2040]



(Source) "Future Outlook for Social Security Towards 2040" of the Cabinet Secretariat, Cabinet Office, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Establishment of Regional Comprehensive Care System

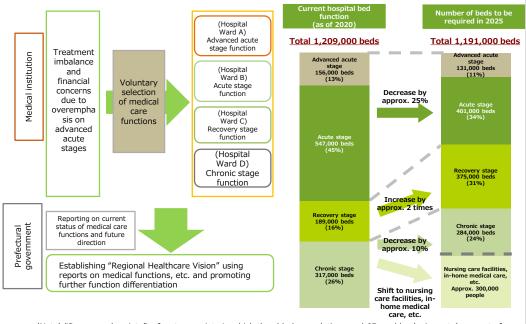
With the further increase in demand for medical and nursing care after 2025 when the baby boomers will be 75 or older, the government (Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare) is promoting the construction of a regional comprehensive care system that integrally provides housing, medical service, nursing care, prevention and life support to enable the elderly to continue living in familiar areas until the end of their lives to the maximum extent possible with an aim to maintain the dignity of the elderly and support independent life.

It is believed that the extension of healthy life expectancy and a society that supports the elderly by utilizing not only public services but also the power of the community can be realized with the regional comprehensive care system in accordance with the actual circumstances of each region, leading to the securement of the sustainability of the social security system.

 Establishment of Regional Healthcare Vision and Promotion of Differentiation and Coordination of Medical Functions

There is a need to respond to the increasing and diversifying demand for medical and nursing care services within limited medical resources as well as establish a system that effectively and efficiently provides high-quality and appropriate medical care. The "Regional Healthcare Vision" has been institutionalized by the "Act for Securing Comprehensive Medical and Long-term Care in the Community" aiming to establish a medical care provision system that can even withstand the super-aged society (Note).

Regional Healthcare Vision is an initiative to realize an efficient medical care provision system by estimating the number of beds required in 2025 for each of the four medical functions based on the future population projections and promoting functional differentiation of hospital bed and coordination of hospitals through consultation by local medical staff.



- (Note) "Super-aged society" refers to a society in which the elderly population aged 65 or older (aging rate) accounts for 21% or more of the total population
- (Source) Created by HAM based on Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's "Regional Healthcare Vision" (October 9, 2020).
- (Source) "Current Hospital Bed Function (as of 2020)" created by HAM based on a document entitled "About the 2020 Hospital Bed Function Report," which was created by Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare based on a 2020 hospital bed usage report; "Number of Beds to Be Required in 2025" created by HAM based on Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare's "Initiatives for Medical/Nursing Care Reform" (June 22, 2017).

Actions by the Government and Local Governments

Environmental Improvement for Securing Nursing Care Personnel

In order to respond to the needs for nursing care personnel which are expected to continue increasing in the future, the government will implement measures such as the "improvement of working conditions for nursing care staff," "securement and training of various personnel," "prevention of job separation, promotion of job retention and improvement of productivity," "enhancement of the attractiveness of the nursing care profession" and "environmental improvement for accepting foreign personnel." The improvement of the treatment for nursing care personnel and improvement of productivity at nursing care sites were also stated in "Japan 100 Million Total Active Plan."

Comprehensive Measures to Secure Nursing Care Personnel (Main Actions)

Appendix 3

(Actual result) Average monthly amount improved by 75,000 year

Average monthly amount improved by 18 000 year. (from EV2019)

Average monthly amount improved by 14,000 yen (from FY2017)

Average monthly amount improved by 13,000 yen (from FY2015)

Average monthly amount improved by 6,000 yen (from FY2012)

Average monthly amount improved by 24,000 yen (from FY2009)

Improvement of treatment of nursing care staff

Securement and

training of

various personnel

- Further improved treatment since October 2019, focusing on nursing care staff with experience and skills using a total amount of 200 billion yen (annual), with the aim of achieving a wage level for leader-level nursing care staff that is comparable to other industries
- In the revision of nursing compensation in 2021, with a view to securing nursing care personnel, improving their treatment, etc., the improvement rate was set at 0.70%, and to further improve treatment, the rules for allocation among nursing perso were made more flevible.
- Support through loan of educational funds for care workers and money for preparation for reemployment
- Integrated support from holding of introductory training for inexperienced caregivers such as the middle-aged and the elderly to matching after
- Promoting employment activities in the nursing care field using volunteer points

Promoting the use of technologies such as

O Support of establishment and operation of

nursing care robots and ICT

replacement staff

Promoting entry of workers from other fields through career

seekers, workplace visit/experience initiatives for trainees,

people who have completed training to support them while

focused on welfare-related careers to support their studies

Developing disaster-prevention leaders at nursing care facilities

increased budget for external training, and forgivable loans to

consulting, comprehensive vocational training framework for job

Providing new forgivable loans to students attending high schools

- O Dissemination of productivity improvement guidelines O Establishment of counseling desks and promotion of exchange among young employees nursing care facilities and childcare facilities
 - O Supporting the introduction of online training adapted to life during the pandemic and implementing various work model

Promotion of job retention Improvement of productivity

Improvement of

the attractiveness of the nursing

care profession

Prevention of job

separation

Promotion of understanding of nursing care work for students, their parents, career guidance staff,

Supporting reduction of the training course load

required for career advancement and securing

- Holding experience-based events to learn about nursing care
- people, people who have finished rearing children and active Providing information about care contest initiatives for the

O Transmission of the attractiveness of nursing care staff to young

Environmental improvement for accepting foreign personnel

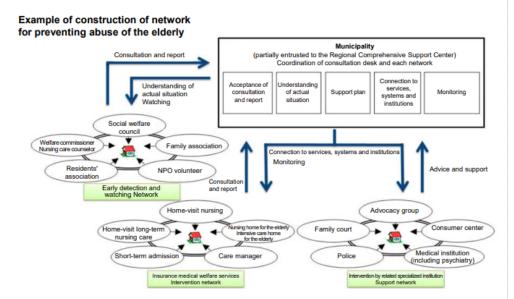
Support of international students, etc. aiming to become care workers (promotion of loan of educational funds for care workers, consultation and support in daily life, etc.)

- O Environmental improvement for accepting foreign nursing care personnel with "specific skills," etc. (PR of nursing care in Japan through on-site briefings, group training for improving nursing skills, support for learning Japanese in nursing care, consultation and support of nursing care business, etc., patrol and visits, etc.)
- personnel will be received

Actions for Preventing Abuse of the Elderly

The government and local governments are taking various actions to prevent the abuse of the elderly.

- Construction of network to prevent elderly abuse
- · Conducting survey based on the "Act on the Prevention of Elder Abuse, Support for Caregivers of Elderly Persons and Other Related Matters" every year
- · Formulation of manual to respond to abuse
- Development of a cooperative system with related institutions and private organizations
- · Publicizing of information on support desk and name of cooperators responding to elderly abuse, etc.



(Source) "Basics of Preventing Elderly Abuse" of Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

*Underlined text indicates new initiatives in the 2021 hudget

(Source) Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, "Number of Nursing Care Personnel Required Based on 8th Nursing Care Insurance Business Plan - Appendix 3: Comprehensive Measures to Secure Nursing Care Personnel (Main Actions)

Disclaimer

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